Decatur Weekly Republican.

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The Weekly Republican.

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D. K. HAMSHER. J. R. MOSSER.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CIRCUIT JUDGE.

WE are authorized to announce C. B. SMITH, of Champaign county, as a candidate for re-election to the office of circuit judge.

WE are authorized to announce J. W. WILKIN, of Marshall, Clark county, as a candidate for re-election to the office of circuit judge.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES F. HUGHES, of Mattoon, as a candidate for circuit judge.

CHARLES A. EWING, of Decatur, is hereby announced as a candidate for Circuit Judge.

LOCAL NEWS.

LINCOLN is to have two new saloons.

COOK, the Coles county wife murderer, got 27 years at Charleston.

STRAWBERRIES at 40 cents a quart are in the market nearly every day. They come from St. Louis.

THE lawyers are busy getting their cases in proper trim for action at the session of court next week.

ROBERT JOHNSON, an old resident of Hickory Point township, died Wednesday afternoon at one o'clock.

H. W. HILL has enlarged his model chicken house, to give more room to his prize chicks and the incubator.

DEAL with Abel & Locke when you want stylish carpets, beautiful wall paper, and household supplies generally.

THERE will be a dozen handsome pleasure boats at Oakland Park lake this week. The lake is well filled with water, and the sports will soon begin.

CALL at Abel & Locke's and they will fit you out with housefurnishing goods generally, wall paper, carpets, etc., at very low figures.

IT will interest you to examine the Monarch and Davis single generator Vapor Stoves, at Ferguson & Dillehunt's. They are the latest and best. 5-d&w1w

THERE are 205 cases on the various dockets to be disposed of at the May term of the circuit court, which begins on Monday next. The grand jury will swell the number on the People's docket.

IT is hinted that the matter of establishing a new through line between Columbus, O., and St. Louis over the I, B. & W. and the Wabash, running through coaches, is under consideration.

THE Wabash has built 100 "Overland Line" cars, to travel between Chicago and the Pacific slope. Each car is solidly built and painted yellow. The capacity of each is 40,000 pounds.

THE collections for April in the Peoria revenue district are $1,037,196, an increase over April, 1884, of $142,424. The shipments for export for the month were 4,175 packages, containing 297,948 gallons.

THE assessor for Macon township in 1884 failed to find 75 persons in his district, and their names were omitted from the personal property list. Rather queer, that. The township has elected a new assessor.

MUST be getting red-hot at Hot Springs. Tom Andrews sent a letter home to-day, directing his business manager to send him his linen duster and straw hat. Mr. A will remain at the Springs until about June 20th.

THE large flouring mills at Camargo, the property of J. B. Miller, were destroyed by fire Saturday night. The fire is supposed to have caught from the machinery in the upper story. Loss, about $9,000; insurance, $5,000.

DR. SMALL is down from Chicago for a few days. He and Mr. Hand are doing well in their ironing board enterprise. They have made a good start. The first month's business leaves them a fat balance on hand.

STRICTURE of the urethra in its worst forms, speedily cured by our new and improved methods. Pamphlet, references and terms, two three-cent stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE heat of summer will soon be upon us, when the housewife will have to stew and bake over a hot stove, unless the lord of the family is thoughtful enough to buy one of those elegant vapor stoves sold by Ferguson & Dillehunt. See their advertisement in another column.

FERGUSON & DILLEHUNT'S hardware store will be open until 8 o'clock every evening, from this date until further notice. ma5-d1w

THE compliment paid to Chief Wayne by Ex-Mayor Chambers in his valedictory was well deserved. Mr. Wayne is the father of the paid fire department system. It is a good thing and is being perfected as rapidly as the funds will allow.

THE other night they had a knock-about time at a dance in Nelson Johnson's house in Danville. A man named Worth had a part of one ear shot off, another named Cochran was shot in the side, another named Chris Cloud was badly cut on the head with an ax.

A GIRL IN JAIL.

Charged with Setting Fire to a Dwelling in the Fifth Ward.

From Wednesdays, Daily.

There was the wildest excitement imaginable this forenoon in the fifth ward, several blocks north of the C., B. & Q. works, caused by the partial burning of the home of Mrs. Mary Winegardner, at No. 955 North Jasper street. The house had been set on fire by Miss Carrie B. Winegardner, daughter of the widow, aged 21, and the flames were well under way when the firemen arrived and put out the fire with comparatively slight damage. Carrie ran out of the house bare-headed and in her stocking feet, and declared that she had set the building on fire, and wanted it burnt down. The fact was communicated to Chief Wayne, and he summoned Marshal Mason and Officer Brewer to the scene, when Carrie was taken in custody and put behind the bars in the county jail. She made no resistance, but refused to put on shoes or a hat. She was brought to the jail in a carriage.

Chief Wayne had quite a struggle with the girl, and she made it lively for the 150 to 200 people that gathered about the dwelling. Carrie with ax in hand cut a young man a deep gash on his arm, and in her frenzy she bit her brother.

Mrs. Winegardner fainted twice and had to be carried to Horace Davenport's residence where she received medical treatment.

Coming to the jail in the carriage with the officers, Carrie told how she had fired the building. She fixed a lot of straw in a corner and applied matches. The straw was damp and did not ignite. The matches gave out, and she got live coals from the stove which started the fire.

It appears that the Winegardner residence was recently sold to a Mr. Shively, and Carrie wanted to burn it down as it could no longer afford her a shelter. Carrie is a very vicious young woman, and when she gets into one of her tantrums no one has any control over her. She has given the family trouble for several years. Her repeated threats to burn the building justified Chief Wayne in ordering her arrest.

Safe Blowers.

The "burglar proof" safe of McCoy Bros, lumber dealers at Lovington, was blown open with powder during Monday night and robbed of $9.00 and some cents. Two holes were drilled in the door near the combination lock, and the door was nearly torn from its hinges by the charges of powder. The day before the firm had paid off a big bill. Had the burglars got in their work Sunday night, the loss of money would have aggregated several hundred dollars.

MANY ladies admire gray hair—on some other person. But few care to try its effect on their own charms. Nor need they, since Ayer's Hair Vigor prevents the hair from turning gray, and restores gray hair to its original color. It cleanses the scalp, prevents the formation of dandruff, and wonderfully stimulates the growth of the hair.

RECENTLY an election was held for one school director in the Kirby district in Whitmore township. The opposing candidates were George W. Betzer and A. L. Betzer, brothers. Each of the brothers got 11 votes, and George admitted that he voted for himself, and A. L. voted for a third party. The tie was a big surprise to George, and when he cast lots with his brother and got defeated for the place, such a laugh went up that the cattle in the fields set up a terrific bellow of fright. George is popular among his neighbors but he fell short one vote for the directorship.

Change of Office.

Mr. H. W. Shimer has been appointed the Decatur ticket agent for the I., D. & S. Railway, and is now in charge of the tickets for the company. He is also the ticket agent for the I. C., P., D. & E. and the Illinois Midland companies, and will impart all information concerning the roads that the traveling public may desire. The I., D. & S. will issue a new time card this week. For the present ent passenger trains leave Decatur for the east at 6 a. m. and 12:15 p. m. each day. C. W. Tyner is the general passenger and freight agent for the company, under receiver H. B. Hammond.

THE Sullivan city council are at a dead lock in regard to the amount at which saloon licenses should be fixed. While licenses were granted to the druggists to sell whisky, they are subject to ordinance as to the amount to be paid. There are indications that a determined effort will be made to make them pay the full amount required by the Harper law.

WHILE at Lafayette last week, the Prof. Will Smith concert band, in parading the streets, caused a runaway, which resulted in the killing of a horse and the wrecking of a wagon. The Professor paid over $82 as damages to the owner, but he claims that he was not forced to do so.

"Open Evenings."

Our store will hereafter be open evenings until 8 o'clock, and the public is invited to call and see the working of the Monarch and Davis Vapor Stoves.

5 dawlw FERGUSON & DILLEHUNT.

Oakland Park.

There were many visitors to Oakland Park on Sunday. The street cars on the Citizens' line furnished transportation, six cars making the round trip to the west end of the line at regular intervals during the day. The Park, which is just beyond the St. Louis branch of the Wabash road, has been cleared of stumps and the rolling ground put in tidy shape. As yet there are no buildings in the park, but a large structure will soon be erected; also a platform for a band and dancing parties, benches and refreshment tables. A pretty lake of water, of good length and width, is in the ravine on the north side, and here during the summer there will be boating sport. Boats will be provided at 25 cents an hour. Beyond the lake is a nice grove which will be made more attractive. The street car track is to be extended to the park, a distance of 300 feet. It is the intention of the managers to build a base ball park within the enclosure. Oakland Park will prove a very popular resort. It is easy of access, and everything about the grounds will be conducted in an orderly manner. The two live alligators were on exhibition yesterday.

The Assessors' Meeting.

About a dozen of the 17 assessors in the county met at the court house Saturday afternoon and had a conference about assessing property. Joshua Green was chairman and E. R. Moffett secretary. It was agreed to assess horses at $30 a head; hogs, $1 per 100; milch cows, $20; real estate same as last year; wheat 30 cents a bushel; corn 15 cents a bushel; dogs at full price; monies and credits in the same proportion. Special attention will be taken to collect agricultural statistics, so that all may know just what the county produced last year. Mr. Arlington, representing the Western Union Telegraph company, gave the assessors a talk about learning the value of the company's property in different quarters of the county. He suggested that the assessors accept the sworn statement of the officers in this matter. He said the value of the company's property in Decatur township was $1330.

Wave of Retrenchment.

Indianapolis *Journal*, May 1: E. H. Wade, Superintendent of Transportation, and G. W. Stevens, Superintendent of the Eastern Division of the Wabash system, are making the rounds for the purpose of further cutting down the expenses. In the yards and depots at Detroit they have this week let out forty-two men, reduced the number of switching engines from ten to five. Proportionate reductions are to be made at other points. These officials are billed to be at Indianapolis the early part of next week, but where they can further reduce expenses is the problem, unless they again order the telephone taken out at the city freight depot. At the outside ticket office the boys, for several weeks, have been without telephonic communication with the outside world.

The New Book.

The new city and county directory, being compiled by C. O. Ebel & Co., will be ready for delivery on June 1st, at $3.50 each, the same old price, notwithstanding the additional expense attending the new publication. Six men under F. M. Elkin have been collecting names for several weeks, and the work in Decatur is about finished. The agents will next visit all the towns in the county and revise the lists of names taken from the poll books in each township in the county. The name and occupation of every voter in the city and county, with his postoffice address, will be published. The book will be one of great value to business men and ought to sell rapidly.

No other preparation so concentrates and combines blood-purifying, vitalizing, enriching and invigorating qualities as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Quality should be considered when making comparisons.

$500 Reward.

The former proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, for years made a standing, public offer, in all American newspapers of $500 reward for a case of catarrh that he could not cure. The present proprietors have renewed this offer. All the druggists sell this remedy, together with the "Douche," and all other appliances advised to be used in connection with it. No catarrh patient is longer able to say "I cannot be cured." You get $500 in case of failure.

A Big Boom

In Boots and Shoes at Busher & Hutchin's. We are having an enormous trade. We offer to-day Men's $4 00 Kip Boots for $2.00. Ladies' Kid front lace Shoes worth $2.75, for $1.00. Misses' Buff white and grain leather Shoes, for 50c a pair. We have the best $1.00 Toe Slippers in the city. The best $3.00 Ladies' Shoe in the state, and the best $3.00 Men's Shoes in the United States. Don't forget our *Great Cheap Sales*.

2-dawtf BUSHER & HUTCHIN.

WE call special attention to the advertisement in this issue of Mr. J. C Vaughan, seedsman, at No. 42 LaSalle street, Chicago, who prints one of the finest catalogues of the season, covering seeds, garden tools, plants etc, and whose location at Chicago places him in the best possible position to supply our readers. It will pay any one to send for his catalogue before buying seeds or tools.

—British railways carried 635,000,000 passengers last year.

The Singular Story Confirmed.

Some days ago there appeared in the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* an account of the miraculous restoration to sight of Harrison Hinkle, at Emporia, Kansas, by the prayer cure. Mr. J. R Gorin became interested in the statement, and knowing that Prof. J. N. Wilkinson, formerly of Decatur, resided at Emporia, he wrote making inquiry about the case. He is in receipt of the following reply, which will be read with interest:

EMPORIA, KAN., May 2, 1885,

J. R. GORIN, ESQ., DECATUR, ILL.—*My Dear Brother:* YOUR inquiry about Harrison Hinkle's prayer cure is at hand.

Yes. I know Mr. Hinkle, and know that his case is truly wonderful. For years he has been barely able to tell the difference between daylight and darkness. His nephew, by marriage, is the Santa Fe agent here, and the family have means enough so that the best oculists were consulted; but alike from Topeka, Kansas City, St. Louis and elsewhere came the response that his sight can never return in this world. In the solitude of his home he gave himself up to meditation and prayer, and a few weeks ago he found, on his nightly looking heavenward, that he saw the form of the moon. In his joy he hastened to tell the sister, who has cared for him in his blindness. He looked again, and the stars broke in upon his vision. He now goes about with perfect ease, and his sight can face the light of the brightest day. I see him several times each week, and he is the happiest Methodist I have seen for many a day. I think the newspaper accounts, at least so far as I have seen them, are substantially correct. I have not read the *Globe-Democrat* you mention, but I suppose it took its report from the papers of this city.

You will be interested to know that the Methodist church in this city is very prosperous, and keeps an excellent pastor at a salary of $2,000 a year. * * * * * *

Yours, truly,

J. N. WILKINSON.

BAKING POWDERS.

INTERESTING TESTS MADE BY THE GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS.

Dr. Edward G. Love, the Analytical Chemist for the Government, has made some interesting experiments as to the comparative value of baking powders. Dr. Love's tests were made to determine what brands are the most economical to use, and as their capacity lies in their leavening power, tests were directed solely to ascertain the available gas of each powder. Dr. Love's report gives the following:

Name of the Baking Powders.	Strength Cubic inches Gas per each ounce of Powder.
"Royal" (cream tartar powder)	127.4
"Patapsco" (alum powder)	125 2*
"Rumford's" (phosphate) fresh	122.5*
"Rumford's" (phosphate) old	82.7*
"Hanford's None Such," fresh	121.6
"Hanford's None Such," old	84.35
"Redhead's"	117.0
"Charm" (alum powder)	116 9*
"Amazon" (alum powder)	111.9*
"Clevelands" (contains lime)	110 8
"Sea Foam"	107 9
"Czar"	106.8
"Dr. Price's" (contains lime)	102.6
"Snow Flake" (Groff's, St. Paul)	101 88
"Lowis's" Condensed	98 2
"Congress" yeast	97.5
"C. E. Andrews & Co's" (contains alum)	78 57*
"Becker's"	92.5
"Giller's"	81.2
"Bunk"	80.5

*In his report the government chemist says:

"I regard all alum powders as very unwholesome. Phosphate and Tartaric Acid powders liberate their gas too freely in process of baking, or under varying climatic changes suffer deterioration."

Dr. H. A. Mott, the former Government Chemist, after a careful and elaborate examination of the various Baking Powders of commerce, reported to the Government in favor of the Royal brand.

Prof. McMurtrie, late chief chemist for the U. S. Government at Washington, says: "The chemical tests to which I have submitted the Royal Baking Powder, prove it perfectly healthful, and free from every deleterious substance."

THE disease among the cattle in Missouri is causing much comment in this city and county. An informal meeting of citizens was held at the REPUBLICAN office to-day, when W. H. Ennis, John Ullrich, Mayor Kanan, C. A. Ewing, Jas. Millikin, Wm. Schroll, D. C. Shockley, M. P. Murphey and others discussed the subject. Some steps will be taken to guard against the bringing of Missouri cattle to or through this section. Governor Oglesby has relaxed the quarantine against Missouri, and this action on his part gives rise to the lively talk.

THE report reaches us that the farmers near Stewardson and Strasburg, Shelby county, are very much alarmed over the appearance of a mysterious disease which is attacking their horses with singular fatality. Several horses have died already, and many affected by the disease. The symptoms of the disease are a coughing, followed by choking and bleeding at the nose.

The Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at noon to-day:

Wheat—87 May; 88¾ June; 90⅞ July.
Corn—47⅝ May; 47⅞ June; 47⅝ July.
Oats—34⅝ May; 34⅞ June; 35 July.

Public Notice.

To All whom it May Concern:

This is to notify all persons that to deposit trash, garbage and other offensive matter on the public highway is an offence, and contrary to law, and all persons so offending will be strictly prosecuted according to law in such cases made and provided.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of Highways of Decatur township, Macon county, Illinois.

May 4-d6w1 JNO. R. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

THE farmers are specially invited to call at D. F. Hamsher's shops on Wood street, and take a look at those elegant buggies, which range in price from $50 to $250. Carriages and spring wagons also on hand, and general repair work done at reasonable rates.

—Frank Kepp'er, of Perryville, Ky., collects old cans for a living. His winter earnings, $17, he put into one of a pile of several hundred.

Dramatic Elopement.

It appears that the Maud Howe dime show party is trying hard to hang together, though two of the performers took flight at Danvers this week. The parties to the elopement were Dot Putnam and Fred Wheeler. The story goes that at 12 o'clock at night Wheeler appeared at the window of the room occupied by Miss Howe and Miss Putnam and told Dot to get her duds in a bundle ready for flight. Miss Howe became alarmed and threatened to call some of the party who were occupying a room just across the hall, whereupon Wheeler drew a revolver, and placing it near Miss Howe's head demanded silence. Dot Putnam hastily arranged her toilet, hastened out upon the veranda and descended to the ground on a ladder, and jumped into a buggy which was in waiting. Wheeler soon joined her and they skipped for parts unknown. Wheeler is doubtless a bold bad man. Some time within a year he eloped with some other fellow's wife. It is positively known that he eloped with two women and has a wife now living at Franklin Grove, Ill., who is an accomplished lady and highly connected.

Charley Freeman's Party.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Yesterday from 5 to 9 p. m. Charley, son of Supervisor Freeman, celebrated his ninth birthday anniversary at his home on North College street. The young folks took possession of the dwelling and grounds, and all had a jolly good time. Mrs. Freeman gave Charley's friends an abundance of refreshments. The guests included Bessie Young, Glen Roe, Estella Durfee, Donna Buckingham, Reeves Scruggs, Baldwin Starr, Harold Small, Earl Bartholomew, Ed Roe, Warren Durfee, Rob Eckles, Willie Honsum, Charley Bumstead, Frank Few, Homer Tuttle, Guy Barnes, Ray Boyer, Hallie Hammer, Lally Cole, Louise Gastman, Hattie Martin, Annie Walston, Ethel Hagerman, Ed Harris, Bonnie Bartholomew, Lena Nelson, Ada Haines, Willie Lewis, Ed Eckles, Floy Gasaway, Mabel Hagerman, Lena Quinlan, Irene Wood, Archie Wood Robbie Maffit, Alice Wood, Guy Conling, Elmer Smick, Mary Jennison, Willie Foster.

The fifteen state prisoners in the county jail are looking serious, now that the session of the circuit court is near at hand. Some interest centres in what action the grand jury will take in regard to the Mrs. Duffy salted baby case. Mrs. Duffy's story will have to be taken for what it is worth. Perhaps the police have been able to learn something that will unravel the mystery. They did not show their hand fully at the coroner's inquest. Emily Durbin and her husband may make an effort to have their trial deferred until December.

It is about settled that there is to be no county fair at the grounds next fall; at least there has been no united effort in that direction, chiefly because the old organization has surrendered its lease, and because it will take a heap of money to put the buildings and grounds in proper shape for a creditable exhibition. The grounds are in the hands of a committee of three supervisors with power to act, but as yet the gentlemen have received no proposition from any new association to lease the property.

But the poultry breeders, of whom there are scores in and about Decatur, are talking up the matter of giving an exhibition of Fancy and Game Poultry. The show would be a fine one, and disputes which now exist as to which breeder has the best yard of fowls, could be settled by awarding prizes. Let us have a chicken show, and bring the incubators to the front.

CLOSE confinement is all times undesirable, but most especially is it so in a room that has been freshly painted, amid the fumes of the lead and oil and other unhealthy odors that proceed from the painter's brush and pot. Patrick G. Maloney, of Washington, D. C., writes, that he contracted painter's colic in a parlor, which he was painting, and was cured by Mishler's Herb Bitters. For cramps, colic, indigestion, or complaints of the bowels, liver and kidneys, it is infallible.

—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* has information that Canada would like to swap a large assortment of Riel Indians for woolen ones.

Caught by an Octopus.

A diver who was trying to find pearls off the Alaska coast, found none, but found himself, all of a sudden, in the grasp of an ugly octopus with arms twenty-seven feet long. Such an experience is rare; but there are thousands of people who are caught by dyspepsia, which is quite as bad. An octopus hates to let go. So does dyspepsia. Brown's Iron Bitters settles dyspepsia, and makes it loose its cruel grip. Mrs. Schmidt and her daughter, of 136 Conway street, Baltimore, were both cured of dyspepsia by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters.

—The manufacture and sale of tobacco in France is a government monopoly, the supply of the weed being under the control of the minister of finance.

HAVE used Tongaline in some six cases of neuralgia, besides other nervous affections, and am prepared to say that, so far as my experience extends, it is one of the most reliable remedies that has ever come into my possession.

J. A. Ward, M D, Troy, Mo.

—Jay Gould has appointed a woman as freight agent at Castleton, Ind., on the Detroit and Indianapolis division of the Wabash railroad.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Ewing, at 10 p. m. May 5th, a daughter.

F. B. Caldwell, of Lafayette, and Darwin Greer are in the city.

C. P. Housum and Miss King left for the east yesterday.

John Beall and son have received a patent on their very excellent grinding machine.

Mrs. M. E. Rowan is the station agent and operator at Atlanta for the Chicago & Alton Railway. Ladies to the front!

T. B. Shoaff, of the *Leader*, has purchased the Hubb block, Danville. Consideration, $6,000.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. George Brown, on May 5th, a son. Mr. B is secretary of the Decatur Steam Bakery company. He feels quite jolly to-day.

Benezette Williams, the civil engineer of Chicago, who made the drainage maps for Decatur, is at Mattoon, engaged in making a test of the subterranean water supply at that place. A company have the contract to build water works for Mattoon.

C. N. Walls, who is publishing the *Enterprise* at Assumption, gets out a paper there for Oconee, and is part owner of a grocery store, was in Decatur Saturday evening. He will assume control of the Macon *Independent* next week, when he will be the busiest man in seven counties.

Lincoln *Journal*: Hon. R. H. Templeman, member of the Legislature, and T. H. Stokes, enrolling and engrossing clerk of the house, accompanied the excursionists to New Orleans. The other members from this district remained at home to discharge the duties for which they were elected.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the postoffice at Decatur, Macon county, Ill., for week ending May 6, 1885:

Andrews Charles	Monnex Thoma
Arnold Miss Jennie	Morgan Wesley
Bell C R	McMann Annie Miss
Blythe F V	McKowen Mrs
Bear Frank	McFall Mattie Miss
Behren Miss Josephine	Neal Elmer
Beets Miss Mary	O'Connor Frank
Brown C	Phillips Mary
Brady Elizabeth	Rettke Henry
Brown Travis	Rader Jones S
Burke Wm J	Radcliff W H
Carpenter Chas	Sheldon A P
Carlile Caleb C	Sloan James
Camron O M	Smith A J Mrs
Ebert James	Spangler Harry
Foazey James	St. Clair Horace
Fleming John	Smith James S
Fullitt M W	Smith Jennie
Garrett Andy	Smith Lem
Gurnea Flora Miss	Swink Susanna
Gossett J F	Smith Thomas W
Gilbert Bob	Stalley William
Hughes Franklin	Turner A
Hall Mary Miss	Thompson Geo W
Jackson James H	Vail C W
Jones Harry	Wilson Charley
King Fred	Williamson Eva Miss
Lane John	White Isaac G
Magner Jolso Miss	Walden R
Mahlon Fouryeam	Zehner Ben J
Miller J H	

R. P. LYTLE, P. M.

These Are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Swearingen & Hubbard. a4

PEOPLE in the city or country wanting a new buggy or carriage, spring wagon, or one of those easy riding Champion road carts, should call at Wayne & Anderderson's works, on North Water street, and leave their orders, or make selections from the stock on hand. The firm guarantees satisfaction or no pay.

A Remarkable Escape.

Mrs. Mary A. Dailey, of Tunkhannock, Pa, was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 pounds in a few months.

Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at Swearingen & Hubbard's Drug Store. Large Bottles, $1.00. a4

—There are published in Honolulu four English daily newspapers, four English, three native, one Chinese and one Portuguese weeklies, and three English and one native monthlies.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE fo the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by Swearingen & Hubbard. a1

—Florida has entered the list of competitors for the northern flower market. A horticulturist at Tangerine has recently shipped 30,000 tuberose bulbs to dealers in the north.

Big 7 Mowing Machines.

Henry Flood, the leading hay man of this county, received a car-load of the Big 7 Mowing Machines, and is unloading them to-day. He will ship some of his mowers to all stations in this and adjoining counties, where he sells them. Farmers wanting to buy mowers should not fail to see and give the Big 7 a trial. Fully warranted by the manufacturers, and also by Mr. Flood, who cuts more hay than any man in the county, and has a chance of knowing what mower is the best. Write him for circulars and warranty of same. For sale by Leavitt & Royal, Decatur. HENRY FLOOD.

ma7-w2w Agent, Decatur, Ill.

—In Rouen, France, there is an iron chimney 279 feet high, which was riveted together and afterwards lifted into place with a crane.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPRING, 1885.

Opening of the Season!

WITH CHEAP CHARLEY.

We have made stronger efforts this year than at any time previous to be able to show the best assorted stock of fine, as well as of everyday

CLOTHING,

For Men, Youths and Children.

The general dullness of trade in the manufacturing centres has given us advantages, of which we made the best use. Our goods are bought LOW and will be sold LOW.

Our aim and ambition is to be the Leading Clothier in Decatur. So far we have stood at the Top of the Ladder, and we will take care to remain there.

Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods Trunks and Valises,

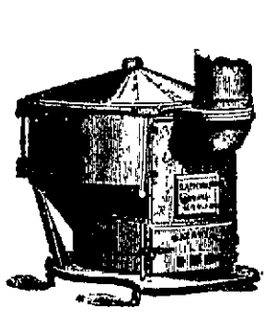
In large and fine assortment, and at prices below the lowest.

☞No misrepresentations. All goods bought of us and not being satisfactory after taken home can be (if not soiled) returned to us and the money will be cheerfully refunded.

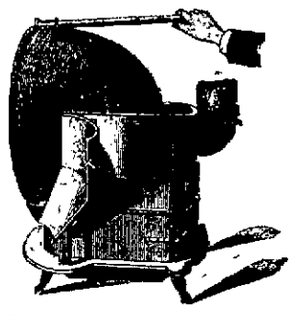
CHEAP CHARLEY.

Cor. Old Square and Merchant St.

The "Profit" Farm Boiler.



Position in Ordinary Use.



Position when Dumping the Kettle.

The leading feature of the Boiler, apart from its thorough construction from the best cast iron, is the dumping arrangement, which does away with all the heavy, hot work of emptying the kettle by hand, and permits its continuous use, as the doors can be opened and the kettle dumped in one minute without letting the fire go down. Dumping the kettle exposes the flues so that they can always be kept free from soot.

They may be used for any purpose that caldrons set in brick can, with the advantage of being portable and much more economical of fuel, as in this Boiler the flues carry the heat around the entire surface of the kettle. You can set them in any place where an ordinary cooking stove will work; or by putting on two or three lengths of pipe, they can be used out of doors.

We carry in stock

No. 1. 25 Gallons, for wood.
No. 1. 25 " for coal.
No. 2. 50 Gallons, for wood.
No. 2. 50 " for coal.
No. 2½. 75 Gallons, for wood.
No. 2½. 75 " for coal.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & CO.

Circuit Judges.

Champaign Gazette.

There may be people who suppose that the elections are over for this year, but such is not the case at all. There are three judges of the circuit court to be elected the first Monday in June, and, in order to keep the matter before the public, we place at the head of our columns our preferences for the positions. There may be other candidates who are just as worthy, but if so they haven't said a word to us, and we certainly shall not tender our vote to any one who is too bashful to ask it.

The gentlemen named on our ticket are all well known in their respective localities. Judge Smith is now serving his twelfth year as circuit judge, and is in the prime of his manhood. He is better able to act impartially now than ever, and we expect to see him re-elected by a very large majority.

Judge Wilkin is serving his sixth year as judge on this circuit. If there is another man better liked as judge than he, we haven't found it out. He is so well liked in his own county—Clark—that whenever he is a candidate the democrats just come around and beg for a chance to vote for him He is a non partisan judge in every respect, although he always votes the republican ticket.

Mr. Hughes, of Mattoon, is a comparative stranger, personally, to the people of this county. That he possesses all the requirements for a judge every other candidate concedes. He is a very pleasant man, easy to approach and very popular at home. We believe it will be impossible to find three better qualified or more able candidates, and we are as sure they will be elected as we are that the sun will rise on the day of their election.

THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL HAZEN, in his report on the effect of the reduction of letter postage from three to two cents, says:

The results of 2 cent postage have more than realized the most sanguine expectations of its warmest advocates. By the act of March 3, 1885, the unit of weight on letters is increased from half an ounce to one ounce, to take effect on the first of July next, and we shall then have in this country literally the "penny postage" of Great Britain, the unit of weight being one ounce in that country and the English penny being the equivalent of 2 cents of our currency. A substantial advantage in favor of our people is, however, to be found in the much greater expanse of territory over which letters may be conveyed at the same charge as in Great Britain. The increase of the unit of weight, beside being a convenience to the public, will, I am satisfied, prove beneficial to the department as a revenue measure. Unless the statistics are at fault, it will not be likely to materially increase the average weight of letters sent through the mails, and it will undoubtedly induce the sending under seal at letter rates of a large class of valuable matter now sent in wrapped parcels at the cheaper rates now charged on fourth-class matter.

WHEN the Russians drove the Afghans from Pul-i-khisti and Penjdeh the latter retreated to Meruchak, the principal town in the Penjdeh oasis. The Russian theory of the Penjdeh affair was that the Afghans left their position at Ak-tepe, near the junction of the Kusch and Murghab rivers, crossed the Kusch River to Pul-i-khisti, and demonstrated against the Russian camp to the north. General Komaroff asked that the force retire across the Kusch River, and when this was refused he attacked the Afghans at Pul-i-khisti, drove them across the Kusch River, and pursued them to Penjdeh. When the Afghans retreated to Meruchak, conceded to be in Afghan territory, the Russians retired from the Penjdeh oasis to the west side of the Kusch River.

The English theory of the Penjdeh affair was that the Russians found a pretext to drive the Afghans out of Penjdeh preparatory to a march on Herat by way of Meruchak and Kusch. If the reported occupation of Meruchak is confirmed, the British theory will be sustained, and the Russian advance will be regarded as a virtual declaration of war. If the Lessar boundary line is fixed upon, the Russians at Meruchak would still be in Turkestan territory.

Don't Give It Up So.

"Oh! if I had only known that in time." Known what? "That a simple cold in the head may develop into chronic catarrh." Well, it isn't too late, for Ely's Cream Balm will cure catarrh, even after the sufferer's life has become a burden to him, and he is a nuisance to his friends. It is the only radical and thoroughly scientific catarrh cure known. Not a snuff. Not a liquid. Price 50 cents.
ml-w&deod2w

—Velvets come with spring dress goods as well as with fall fabrics.

The Ladies Dressing

Is the only polish that will keep kid shoes from cracking. Powers & Haworth sole agents. a10d&wtf

WHEN you want anything in Hardware you can find it every time and in greater variety at Morehouse, Wells & Co.'s.

THE National Democratic Convention held in Chicago last July, resolved that all appointees to office in the Territories should be residents of the Territories where the appointee was to serve. The President, however, ignores this plank, perhaps having never heard of it, and selects men for Territorial offices where he chooses. The latest is appointing a district judge for New Mexico from Missouri. The fact is the Democratic party acknowledges no allegiance to platform or principle; it is a party of jugglery and only supports principle as dictated by necessity or expediency.

OUT of thirty-two young men of New York City who were examined last week for West Point cadetships, only nine were accepted as physically sound. Such a note might well make the young men of our cities pause for a moment's thought. No man who violates the laws of health can long have a healthy body. How few there are who do not study fashion and humor appetite more than they do the laws that pertain to a healthful body. Beer, the cigarette, too much amusement, and the hidden vices, are making havoc with the physical manhood of all our towns and cities.

UNITED STATES SENATOR WARNER MILLER, of New York, has returned from New Orleans, and the Syracuse *Journal* quotes him as saying: "There seems to be a general stirring up of the Southern country, in a business sense, largely in consequence of the Exposition. It has been in the nature of a revelation to the South of her own resources and power which she has never before realized. In this result alone it has been worth all the money expended on it by the Government."

THE West Virginia state capital will be transferred from Wheeling to Charleston, Kanawha county, on the first of May. The seat of government of that state has been shifted several times from one to the other of these municipal aspirants for capitolian honors, and it is now hoped that the new location will be its permanent one.

THE only city in the United States that has no roller-skating rink is Louisville, Ky. The fact of the matter is the people of that Bourbonic city are so completely absorbed in their sour mash and poker playing that they don't get time to think of a new craze until a year or two after all the rest of the world has recovered from it.

Two Dangerous Seasons

Spring and fall are times when so many people get sick. The changes in the weather are severe on feeble persons, and even those naturally strong are apt, as they say, "to be feeling miserable." Then they are just in condition to be struck down with some kind of fever. A bottle or two of Parker's Tonic will invigorate the digestion, put the liver, kidneys and blood in perfect order, and prevent more serious attacks. Why suffer, and perhaps die, when so simple a medicine will save you? Good for both sexes and all ages
ml-w&deod4w

—If a man weighing 150 pounds were as active in proportion to his weight as a flea, he would be able to jump over a three-story building. But unless a man carried a feather bed with him to fall on, he wouldn't jump over a three-story building more than once.

News About Town.

It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Dr. A. J. Stoner, druggist, No. 14 south side new square, will give any person a *trial bottle free of cost.* It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. Price 50 cents and $1.00. b4

—Historical note: Plutarch says that Demosthenes made a gloomy fizzle of his first speech. This did not discourage him. He finally became the smoothest orator in that country, and it was no uncommon thing for him to fill the First Baptist Church of Athens full.

THE habitual use of pills is a sure means of ultimately undermining health and laying the foundation for some of the most distressing cases of chronic maladies. Use Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic, a purely vegetable remedy, which tones and regulates the system, enriching the blood. It cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, blood and kidneys. Can be taken by the most delicate. 50 cents. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner. 2

—The Russian alphabet contains forty-one letters, and the Russian word that doesn't contain every one of them has no decent status in the national orthography.

THE best on earth, can truly be said of Grigg's Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner. dec8-ly

—Men of fair literary judgment intimate that Tennyson, in his new poem on the English navy, pays rather too much attention to "the wild mob's million feet" and too little to the feet of his verse.

WALL Paper, Curtains and Carpets in newest designs and colorings at the lowest prices. LINN & SCRUGGS.
a2-dawtf

SKATING Caps, at Cheap Charley's.
d&wtf

SEE the Castle Carpet Sweeper, best and cheapest sweeper made, at Morehouse, Wells & Co.'s.

"ONE who has seen much of war" writes to the London *Pall Mall Gazette:* "If you ask nine out of ten of your acquaintances at the present crisis what they would propose to do if the Russians should take Herat, the reply is, 'Why! turn them out, to be sure,' but, once the Russians are established there, what does 'turn them out' mean? Why, 50,000 British soldiers with 50,000 native ones, 300 guns at least, 200,000 baggage animals of all sorts, and 100,000 camp followers; and this force to march from Quettah, 500 miles distant from Herat, through a country very scantily provided with food, and having on arrival at Herat, to fight a battle with an army which we know can and will fight, and in a carefully selected position; and this battle may decide the fate of India; for, if lost, where are we to retreat to?"

THE Small Boy is about the same everywhere. The corner stone of the Simpson Methodist Episcopal Church was recently laid with appropriate ceremonies at Long Branch, and with the documents inclosed in the stone was placed a collection of small coins. The Small Boy was aware of it, and several of him managed to remove the stone and abstract the coin, leaving the historical documents untouched and where they could be easily reclaimed. But the whole affair has been discouraging to the authorities, who have offered a reward for the Small Boy's apprehension.

WHEN Carl Schurz, the pretended champion of civil-service reform, went on the platform in Boston, last Wednesday evening, to deliver his lecture on Abraham Lincoln, says the Philadelphia *Press*, he had the pleasure of knowing that the President whom he, last year, aided in electing had a few hours before nominated for Internal Revenue Collector of the Boston district a man who said during the war that the memory of this same Abraham Lincoln would "stink and shine and shine and stink like a rotten mackerel in the moonlight."

GREAT SACRIFICE

—AT—

THE FAIR

159 East Main Street,

For One Week Only

COMMENCING

MONDAY, MAY 4.

Entire stock of calicoes at 3½c.
Entire stock of 50c cashmeres at 25c.
Entire stock of 25c alpacas at 15c.
Entire stock of 15c alpacas at 10c.
Splendid yard-wide sheetings at 5c.
All linen tablecloth at 20c per yard.
Turkey red " 38c per yard.
28c jeans only 21c per yard.
5000 yards white jackonet, in striped and checked, worth from 10c to 15c, now 7½c per yard.
25c hoop-skirts now 15c.
28c hoop-skirts now 18c.
Ladies' and children's gossamers 80c.
Extra heavy shirting at 7½c.
500 pairs children's cloth shoes, 50c.
Clothes racks at 88c and 98c.
$1.25 wash boiler at 98c.
$1.35 wash boiler at $1.08.
Matches at 1c per box.
5c tumblers 3 for 10c.
6c goblets 6 for 25c.
5c glass dessert dishes 7 for 25c.
Lamp chimneys 3 for 10c.
5c dessert dishes 6 for 25c.
38c covered tureen 28c.
48c covered tureen 38c.
58c covered tureen 48c.
3c butter plates at 2c.
5c pie plates, 6 for 25c.
6c dinner plates at 5c.
Pint tin cups at 3c.
Clothes wringers, usually sold for $4 and $5, now $2 50—lowest price ever reached. For this week only.
No. 1 improved churn $3 25.
19c broom now 15c.
98c lamp complete 75c.
98c wash bowl and pitcher 75c.
$1.18 wash bowl and pitcher 98c.
98c bird cages 75c.
75c bird cages 65c.
98c wax dolls 50c.
Glass bread plates 18c.

You must not miss this cheapest sale of the season. We will deliver all goods sold to any part of the city. Come early in the morning to avoid the rush.

New stock of girls' hats just received.

5 per cent off all sales under 50c.; 10 per cent. off all over 50 cents.

Buggy whips from 12c up.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

THE GREAT AND ONLY

FAIR,

159 East Main Street.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

this [illegible] they also correct all [illegible] of the stomach, stimulate the liver and [illegible] the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Jan. 8, 1885—wly

HENRY LYON,

DEALER IN

Choice Groceries

—AND—

PROVISIONS,

28, Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

WE ROAST AND GRIND OUR OWN COFFEE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.
Decatur, Jan. 27 1881-wtf

JOS. MICHL,



WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Manufacturer of the

"El Boquet," "Belle of the West," "NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. fri20'76wtf

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

—We transact a general—

BANKING BUSINESS!

same as an incorporated bank, Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper,

Loan Money on Mortgage Security,

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers, and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES,

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of charge.

Jan 17, 1881—wtf

Money to Loan

At Lower Rates than Ever.

Loans made payable in instalments if desired. Also

FARM MORTGAGES BOUGHT.

W. A. BARNES,

17 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

Nov. 30 1880—wtf

GRANULAR LIDS,

Iritis, Amaurosis, Near-sight and all scrofulous, painful and chronic, diseases of the Eye cured without pain. For terms, reference, etc., address,

GALVANIC INFIRMARY, Decatur, Ill.

JOHN IRWIN

Once More to the Front!

$15,000 Worth of Fine SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING now on Display at THE WHITE FRONT!

500 Men's Fine Suits at Marvelously LOW PRICES.
200 Boys' Suits at prices that are bound to sell them.
150 School Suits, regular "Can't Tear 'Ems," at prices to suit parents looking for a good article at hard times figures.
150 Children's Suits, in the Latest Styles, to be sold at the cost of the raw material.

Come to the GRAND OPENING, MONDAY, MARCH 30, examine our goods, compare prices, and satisfy yourself that the CHEAPEST AND BEST GOODS can be found at

JOHN IRWIN'S WHITE FRONT,

Revolving Signs—Near Post Office.

LINN & SCRUGGS

New Spring Goods

NOW OFFERING.

DRY GOODS, WALL PAPER, CURTAINS, CARPETS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

Black and Colored Silks

AND FRENCH AND AMERICAN

DRESS GOODS.

An Attractive Assortment of
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS
At Very Low Prices.

A Complete Stock of
SUMMER DRESS GOODS, JERSEYS,
Spring Wraps, Parasols, Ribbons, Dress Trimmings, Laces and Embroideries, Calicoes, Bleached and Brown Cottons, Table Damasks, Towelings, Sheetings, Shirtings, and Housekeeping Goods of every description.

Velvet, Moquet, Brussels and Ingrain
CARPETINGS, AND WALL PAPER,
in the newest designs and colorings, and at LOWER Prices than were ever sold.

REMEMBER,
The Best Goods for the Least Money can at all times be found at

LINN & SCRUGGS,

Agents Butterick's Patterns.

March 19—d&wtf

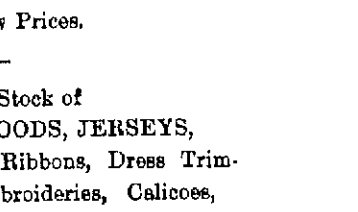
300 CAR LOADS
—OF—
FIRST CLASS TILE

Are piled up in our yards ready for shipment. The best we ever made, in sizes from
3 TO 12 INCHES—Inclusive.
COME AND EXAMINE THEM.

Factory adjoining the fair grounds, on line of the Citizens' Street Railway.
Address all orders

DECATUR TILE CO.,
Telephone 128. Decatur, Ill.
Jan. 15-w8mo

P. PERL



EMBALMER
—AND—
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

140, 142, 144 and 146, South Main St.
Telephone 53.
May7,1882-dtf

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CIRCUIT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce J. W. Wilkin, of Marshall, Clark county, as a candidate for re-election to the office of circuit judge.

We are authorized to announce James F. Hughes, of Mattoon, as a candidate for circuit judge.

Charles A. Ewing, of Decatur, is hereby announced as a candidate for Circuit Judge.

LOCAL NEWS.

There are nearly 600 Wabash employes now on duty in Decatur in various departments.

De Haven, the house decorator, is at Abel & Locke's carpet and wall paper house. Buy supplies there and get De Haven to decorate your home.

May 26th the Illinois State Christian S. S. convention will begin a three days' session at Illiopolis, the alleged geographical center of the state.

James Bradley was taken from Bloomington to Joliet on Thursday for 27 years for the murder of Pearson. Owing to his delicate health he has been given light work in the knitting department.

A bill was passed by the Illinois state senate Tuesday, increasing the pay of jurors to $2 per day, with the amendment that 5 cents be paid for mileage instead of 10, as proposed.

The superintendent of the Shelby county schools has notified the teachers that he will revoke the certificate of every teacher under his supervision who attends the circus at Shelbyville.

The Mattoon city council have contracted with Fairbanks, Morse & Co., of Chicago, for the erection of water works at that place. The water works will cost $75,000.

The Knights of Labor and the trades unions of Decatur are contemplating the publication of a paper in this city called *The Trades Union*, to be devoted to the interests of labor.

The renowned "Andersonville Decorator," Comrade Frank Smith, has been secured by the Y. M. C. A., to deliver two lectures at the tabernacle on the evenings of May 25th and 26th. The subject will be "In and Out of Andersonville."

The elegant line of new wall paper on sale at Abel & Locke's carpet house is greatly admired by the ladies and sales are rapid.

Dr. B. C. Graves, of Cisco, has written County Clerk Hardy, requesting that official to register his name on the books as a practicing physician in Macon county. Dr. Graves is located in Piatt county, but there are times when his services are required in the northeast part of this county.

While holding court at Tuscola Wednesday, Judge Wilkin received a telegram announcing that his little daughter had fallen and broken an arm. He immediately adjourned court and returned home to attend the little motherless sufferer.

A lady attended a masquerade skate a few evenings since, and insisted on wearing a black domino, much to the disgust of the gentleman who invited her. The excuse she gave was, "Well, you see Charlie, my husband died only a week ago, and it would not look well for me to appear at such a public place in anything but black, and you know people will talk."

Dr. Sparks, in his race for appointment as Internal Revenue Collector for this district, has an active rival in the person of J. S. Jones, of Champaign. Mr. Jones is visiting the democrats in different towns in the district procuring the names on his long petition. Dr. Sparks is not idle. He is not letting the grass grow under his feet.

Mrs. E. A. Gastman, who has devoted much time to landscape painting, has turned her attention to portrait painting The very excellent picture of John H. Crocker, of Maros, done in crayon, is her first attempt. It is an exact picture of the young man, and is finished with the skill of a true artist.

Some weeks ago Harry Griffin, who shot and killed George Robinson in front of the post office block one Sunday night, managed to effect his escape from the Joliet penitentiary. He got away 75 miles before he was caught and brought back. He is serving a term of 35 years for the murder of Robinson, and he will now get no credit for good conduct.

Mrs. Banks, mother of Louis Magaw, the boy who was accidentally drowned in the city well in the Howell pasture February 5th, 1884, has brought suit against the city of Decatur, claiming damages in the sum of $2,000. The declaration has been filed and is in the hands of Attorney Mills. The boy was playing about the well, and getting on the thin surface of ice, he broke through and was drowned.

It Is a Whopper.

Mr. T. H. Wingate has a mammoth egg at his lamp store, which takes the chandelier for size and weight. It weighs 4¼ ounces, and is 8⅛x6⅝ inches in circumference, each way. Mr. Wingate has a Buff Cochin hen that presents the family with three eggs of this size each week.

A Fortunate Discovery.

A new light is thrown on the subject of Consumption by Dr. Wagner Kemp, discoverer of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. A remedy that has proved itself to be a remakable compound. It does its work thoroughly, stopping a hacking cough instantly. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, No. 14 east side new square. Price 50 cents and $1. *Trial size free. Get one.* b4

A fine line of children's Suits at Cheap Charley's. d&wtf

THE WABASH SHOPS.

600 Men on Duty in Various Departments—Recent Improvements.

Promise of More Shop Plums for Decatur.

In the days agone it was predicted frequently by the wise ones that some day the Wabash would do the handsome thing by Decatur, in the way of bringing many of its important shops to this point, and thus swell the population of the city and increase the volume of business in various channels of trade. Decatur has held her grip under the different managements of the railway, chiefly because of her location at the intersection of the various diverging branches of the road. Of late years she has been gaining on and drawing from former centres—Springfield, Peoria, Toledo, and in no small degree from St. Louis, until now Decatur is the headquarters of many departments of the road, with new shop buildings erected, and estimated railway population from the Wabash alone of nearly 600 active employes, representing by families say 2,500 to 3,000 souls, young and old. This is doing pretty well, and is a good starter for the 3,000 to 4,000 Wabash employes who will sooner or later make their homes in this thriving city, where eventually all the chief shops of the road will be permanently located.

THE OFFICERS.

The chief officers of the Wabash now making their headquarters in Decatur are:

E. N. Armstrong, division superintendent;
D. L. Ryder, chief clerk.
S. B. Knight, division freight agent.
M. M. Martin, superintendent of the car department.
George C. Kinsman, superintendent of telegraph.
G. A. Hurd, master of transportation.
H. I. Miller, superintendent of the dining-car department.
F. H. Payne, assistant master mechanic.
K. Harwood, local agent.
G. E. Kain, roadmaster.

NEW BUILDINGS.

A force of men under George C. Simmons are now putting up a substantial building directly north of the Union depot platform, which is to be used as a paint shop for passenger and freight cars made and repaired in a building not far off. It is 180 feet in length and is 60 feet wide. Two car tracks run into the building from the east end, and will furnish space from end to end for 15 to 18 cars at a time. This large structure hides from the view of the people on the depot platform the other shops lately built by the Wabash.

The new building north of it is the office of W. M. Martin, superintendent of the car department for the Wabash system. His chief clerk is Captain J. G. Baedenhausen; M. B. Schaffer, draughtsman; P. G. Schafer, clerk. The other clerks are C. E. Head, H. H. Dawson, Eugene Head and G. H. Baedenhausen. On the lower floor is the office of B. B. Rose, the general foreman of the shops. His clerk is W. M. Martin, and here J. H. Hoy, the storekeeper, has his desk. A long and wide room into which the reporter had a look contains the hardware supplies of the different branches of the road. The stock is very large, but it is soon to be increased to a still greater quantity. Articles and packages are sent out in different directions on nearly every train.

Beyond this building is another large structure, comparatively new, which is used as a repair shop—a building in which passenger and freight cars, wrecked on the road, or worn out, are brought here to be made new and fit for service. Adjoining it is a low building where hand-cars are made. There is a vast amount of machinery used, all kept in motion by steam power. In the car department alone there are fully 200 men employed. The different foremen are George W. Hathaway, passenger cars; George Fudge, freight; Ike Terhune, saw shop; Fred Feldt, machine shop; C. D. Holliday, tin shop; S. A. Flenner, upholstery; S. P. Wayne, paint shop; Ira Meisenheiter, blacksmith shop; W. H. True, yard foreman; Charles Chandler, laboring force.

Further east is the large round house, the home of the 20 railway locomotives, and attached to this crescent shaped brick is another machine shop, with Charley Adams in charge of the stationary engine. The round house and everything relating to it is the special domain of Frank H. Payne, the assistant master mechanic, whose clerk is George Handy. Mr. Payne has 112 men in the machinery department, with Ed. Sasseen as foreman. This number does not include the 80 engineers and firemen.

In addition to the above divisions of the operating forces there are the passenger and freight conductors with their crews; the telegraph and freight office men, watchmen, callers, track men, yard men, etc., the whole number aggregating about 600. The pay roll for the company in Decatur averages about $40,000 a month, and most of this cash is distributed among the merchants of the city. Forty thousand dollars a month aggregates $480,000 a year. A goodly number of the employes have families, and they are economical, using their surplus in the purchase of homes in the fifth and other wards. New dwellings go up every season, and the builder generally proves to be a Wabash man.

PROSPECTS.

The recent improvements at this point by the company naturally led the reporter to believe that other shops and departments of the road would be located in Decatur. Of course it cannot be said now that other shops will be brought here, but it is very probable that before another year has passed away, the company will commence the repairing and construction of railway locomotives in Decatur. All the signs point that way, and if we get this plum, then Decatur will have the bulge on Springfield and Toledo to a great degree, and the managers in time may concentrate all the chief shops here. It is only a question of time. Decatur is *the* central point on the eastern or middle division for the shops, and those acquainted with the situation say the bosses of the road are fast learning that it will be largely to their interest to have the most of their work done here.

The ground about the depot is limited, but they can get abundant space east of the coal shaft, or out on the line of the Champaign division of the road, where rolling mill buildings and other shops could spread themselves.

Time tried and true is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which combines the good qualities of all the best cough remedies, without the defects of any of them. It cures promptly and permanently coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, influenza, bronchitis, hoarseness, incipient consumption, and all throat and lung diseases, healing the lungs. Safe and pleasant for children. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner. 2

Now is the time for a cheap suit or an overcoat at Cheap Charley's, way below par. 7-dawtf

Carpets, in Brussels, Moquets and Ingrain, very handsome and very cheap at Linn & Scruggs. a2-dawtf

Don't fail, all the farmers who read this paper, to see Archer & Locher's new Check Rower, their own make, O. K. in every respect—especially price. wtf

DOWN 230 FEET.

About the New Coal Shaft—Other Mining Chat.

It was on April 23, 1884, that the first shovel full of dirt was lifted for the new coal shaft hole, on the ground north of the Illinois Midland depot, and to-day the wide hole is sunk to a depth of 230 feet. The Decatur company was unfortunate some months ago in striking a lot of quicksand, and all the work done previously was lost to them. They had too much money invested in the enterprise, and without delay they renewed operations and soon were bosses of the situation. There are now 15 men working steadily in and about the shaft, under the direction of the superintendent, Mr. Mark Moran, who is a miner of years of experience and is a courteous gentleman. He has kept a record of the character of the earth passed through since the work began. It is given below:

Clay and loam	25 feet.
Sand and water	20 "
Blue clay	4 "
Drift wood	2 "
Green sand loam	4 "
Gray sand	5 "
Hard blue clay	9 "
Quicksand	9 "
Conglomerated sand	8 "
Sand and gravel	1 foot 6 in.
Conglomerated sand	16 feet.
Sand and gravel	6 "
Conglomerated sand	6 "
Sand and gravel	9 " 6 in.
Hard-pan—hard blue subs	25 "
Sandstone	1 foot 6 in.
Soft slate	6 feet.
Gray sand slate	20 "
Blue sand slate	9 "
Blue soap stone	15 "
Blue slate	7 "
Red fire clay, or ore	6 "
Impure lime stone	7 "

The above will be interesting to students of geology and those concerned in mining operations. The diggers are now passing through a reddish substance, and are working quite rapidly. The company hope to strike a paying vein of coal at a depth of 600 feet. Their faith seems to be founded on a rock, for they are now going ahead in their preparations for the construction of a large and expensive tower. The 125 horse power boilers, made at the Decatur Novelty Works, are now on timbers near the shaft. They will be put on brick foundations and under a roof as quickly as possible, when the old machinery will be cast aside. It is intended to build the new tower larger than the one at the other mine, and add improvements so that coal may be screened more satisfactorily and more rapidly. Operators at the new mine, when coal is reached, will make their homes east of the Illinois Central railroad, where new dwellings will soon spring up.

The new shaft will serve as an escapement or connection with the first mine. The company are working gradually toward the new shaft. They are cutting a gallery about 50 feet wide and 6 to 7 feet deep toward the new shaft. The miners are now about at the corner of East North and Illinois streets. If no accident occurs, the coal in the new mine will be reached before the connecting gallery is completed, and then the operators in the new mine will first work toward the old mine and complete the connection before working in any other direction.

The miners dig under lots and streets, but the depth is so great and the seam so insignificant, that the excavations occasion no misgivings and cannot create any damage.

A Broker.

Mr. A. Wright, late of Terre Haute, Ind., has located in Decatur, and has established his office in the John R. Miller building on North Main street. Mr. Wright is a merchandise broker and will represent many of the leading houses in the east and west, being constantly advised by telegraph of the fluctuations in prices. He will sell to firms in Decatur, Bloomington, Champaign, Danville, Peoria, Lincoln, Springfield, Paris, Terre Haute, Jacksonville, and to merchants in more distant cities. The location of Mr. Wright here will be a good thing for Decatur wholesalers because they can secure information of lively interest to them every day direct from him, without using the wires themselves. Mr. Wright will bring his family here and occupy a cottage.

A Hitch on License.

It has been announced that Monticello went 54 for license on the 21st, but according to the *Herald* of that town, the dispensers of the fiery fluid are having more or less trouble. Said the *Herald* of the 29th: "There appears to be a hitch in the licensing of saloons in this city (Monticello). Although the council will undoubtedly soon pass an ordinance licensing saloons, yet, so far, the would-be saloonists have been unable to find locations. Property-owners will not rent to them, on account of the danger attached. On account of the fire ordinance none but brick buildings can be erected within two blocks of the square, and there are no brick to be bought here now; and no buildings can be bought except at good round figures. Getting license does not appear to be so easy a thing as some people imagined."

MARRIED.

At the residence of Henry Reeser, in Hickory Point township, on April 28th, 1885, by Jacob S. Keller, J. P., Mr. Charles Cresseler and Miss Addie Reeser, both of this county.

DIED.

April 30th, of pneumonia, William Barnes, in the 77th year of his age.

The deceased was born in Pike county, Ohio, Nov. 17th, 1808. He came to Indiana, and from there in 1877 removed to this city, and has ever since resided on South Broadway. Unobtrusive in his manner, he formed but few intimate acquaintances. His married life was particularly happy and his home was ever dear and sacred to him. He was in the strictest sense a man of sterling integrity, and one who carefully consulted the welfare of his friends. He was a kind husband and a considerate father. Forgetful of self, he was solicitous for the welfare of his family. He leaves to mourn his death his devoted wife three sons—Samuel L., John A. and William R Barnes—residents of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. Harriet E. Hutsinpiller, now residing near Albany, Oregon. Two brothers, Isaac N. and John and one sister, Elizabeth, residing near Piketon, Ohio, and one brother, James E. Barnes, residing at Plymouth, Kansas, remain of a once unbroken family. His illness was of about one week's duration.

In this city, at 342 South Main street, on May 1st, of congestion of the brain, Julia, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Murphy, aged 14 weeks.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plaster. May 1-w1m

A RARE CELEBRATION.

Golden Wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Trotter Last Evening.

And so we've lived together through fifty years, good wife.
Few men have been more prospered, and yet, in all my life
There's been no times, my wife, so full of joy to me,
As this, where troth is plighted for all eternity.

Married—In Morgan county, Ill., April 30, 1835, by Rev. Wm. Crow, Mr. Milton Trotter and Miss Honora O'Keefe.

Last night at the pleasant and elegant home of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Trotter, No. 954 North Broadway, was witnessed the happy celebration of the "golden wedding," or fiftieth marriage aniversary of the venerable couple, who are aged 77 and 68 years respectively. Both are in a good state of health, and they participated in the festivities of the rare celebration with the freedom and gladness of younger members of the family. It was a surprise, and the party was nicely planned by Misses Nannie Trotter, Mollie Hoagland and Mrs. Jas. Bergen, of Harristown. While the couple were temporarily absent from home, the invited guests assembled and took possession of the residence. They returned in a carriage, in company with Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Shellabarger, who called for them. Some time was then devoted to offering warm congratulations to the couple, and at the appointed hour the golden wedding feast was spread. The elegant supper, which was provided by the host and hostess, embraced all the good things of life, and was praised by all. There were 52 different varieties of cake on the tables, and all were delicious, the "bride's cake" being especially fine. The guests were:

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Payne, of Virginia, Cass county, Mr. and Mrs. Rev. George Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Mottram, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Conklin, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bowers, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Shellabarger, Mr. and Mrs. D. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. M. Stafford, Mr. and Mrs. D. Churchman, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. J. D. Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. Gideon, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Trotter, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Trotter, Mr. and Mrs. James Bergen, Harristown, Mrs. J. D. Henkle, Mrs. S. D. Smith, Mrs. A. T. Bowman, Mrs. Blakemore, Mrs. T. L. Antrim, Mrs. M. Kennelly, Misses Mollie Hoagland, Mary Flood, Lizzie McNutt, Mary and Mattie Dresbach, Nannie L. Bergen, Minnie Gray, Mary Bowman, and Messrs. Lee Gill, Wm. Churchman, Alvah and Edward Kennelly.

Mr. and Mrs. Trotter received a large number of gold and silver gifts and other articles of value. The celebration was in every respect a most enjoyable one. At about 11 o'clock the guests departed, and will with all who are acquainted with the venerable couple, remember the genuine hospitality of the aged host and hostess.

Now and Then.

The Grand Army of the Republic is now approaching the zenith of its numerical power and glory. It numbers over a quarter of a million men who have passed or are passing middle age. They are a class, useful, peaceful and respected. They fill responsible positions all over the country. Most of these men after the war ended, returned to their homes and took up the thread of their several trades or professions as quietly as though peace had never been disturbed by the tumult and horrors of battle. A decade hence the Grand Army will cease to increase its numbers. The tide will have turned, membership will lessen, slowly at first; one by one the tired ones will halt for rest—rest that will never be broken. Swiftly as the years pass will the ranks be thinned. Twenty years hence, post after post will lack a quorum and surrender its charter. A few old men will totter to cemeteries on decoration day, bearing bunches of flowers and garlands of evergreens. These they will cast upon the graves of their comrades, and feebly retrace their steps to await the bugle call to go. Finally, here and there, widely scattered among a nation numbering a hundred million people, powerful, prosperous, enlightened, liberal, free, white-headed old men, bent, weak, feeble-minded, will be pointed out as the survivors of an almost ancient war. These will wear the badge of the Grand Army of the Republic, the most honored decoration of ancient or modern times. A year or two afterwards there will be none living who can rightfully wear the emblem. The last survivor of the once Grand Army will have sealed the heights and bivouaced with his comrades on the eternal camping ground.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Moffit, on April 29, a daughter—12 pounds.

Harry M. Moore is in receipt of a letter from Mrs. Lieut. C. B. Moore, who arrived at Brooklyn, N. Y, some days ago. She writes that Charley was wounded at Panama on April 11, a stray bullet during a temporary riot among the insurgents striking him on the right elbow, shattering the bones at the joint and passing down the forearm to the wrist, where the ball was taken out. At the time of the riot the Lieutenant was in a squad of marines bravely doing their duty, and Charley was highly complimented by the officers and town people. One citizen gave him a Spanish sword cane and another a relic in the shape of a melted $5 gold piece. The wound is healing reasonably well, but the Lieutenant will probably have a stiffened arm. Mrs. Moore will remain at Brooklyn two months or longer.

Washed-Out Hair.

There is a sort of a pallid, chalky complexion which the novelists call a 'washed-out complexion.' It is ghastly enough, and no mistake. Washed-out, faded, discolored, or parti colored hair, is almost as repulsive and melancholy. Parker's Hair Balsam will restore your hair to its original color, whatever it was; brown, auburn or black Why wear moss on your head, when you may easily have lively, shining hair. m1-w&deod4w

Try and read Cheap Charley's advertisement. 7-dawtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

Entered at the postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

Judge Smith.

In another place in to-day's paper will be found the formal announcement of C. B. Smith as a candidate for re-election as circuit judge. It seems like a work of supererogation to say anything of Judge Smith to the people of this county, in the way of introduction. Twelve years of service on the bench have made him known to every citizen of the county, and the manner in which he has acquitted himself in the dispensation of justice has made him deservedly popular with all classes of people. He unites to a clear understanding of the law an ability to quickly grasp the salient features of a case, and to apply to it the principles of the statute. His readiness in the dispatch of business, and his energy in pushing the work of a term through with all possible rapidity, without sacrificing at the same time the interests of litigants by undue haste, have become proverbial, and have served to materially lessen the cost of maintaining our courts. In short, Judge Smith has served the people with the greatest acceptability, and inasmuch as it is always wise to keep a popular and efficient officer as long as possible, instead of risking a new and untried man, the people of this judicial circuit would be only exercising a sound discretion by re-electing him on the first day of June.

CLEVELAND, on Saturday, appointed Dr. J. Ernest Meier, of Leadville, Col., to be consul at Nagasaki, Japan. The place is one of the best in the list of consulships, and Dr. Meier fills the requirement that seems necessary in order to secure such positions, having, like so many other of Mr. Cleveland's appointees, "tendered his resignation in 1861 and embraced the cause of the South, serving through the war" The Doctor was one of the principals in an incident which occurred during the excitement immediately following the inauguration and was lost sight of. Since his appointment it has been called to mind that one evening a month or so ago, Meier was taken out of the Ebbitt House corridors shouting at the top of his voice, "I was a rebel and I'm a rebel yet." The police held him a prisoner until he had cooled off, and then released him. The demonstration came about through the refusal of sturdy old Commodore Truxton to shake hands with the Doctor. The latter, presuming upon his former connection with the navy, had addressed Truxton, extending his hand. Overtures were rejected with the explanation from the Commodore that he didn't want to have anything to do with a man who had surrendered his trust to take up arms against his country. Then Meier made the declaration regarding his status as a "rebel" which is quoted above. There are not a few of the opinion that this will be one of the appointments over which the Republican Senate will hesitate.

SENATOR BLACKBURN, of Kentucky, commenting upon the recent interview with Senator Eustis, of Louisiana, which has attracted so much attention lately, says: "I regret that Senator Eustis should have thought that he had any cause for complaint. I can readily understand how office-seekers on waiting orders, as they are, might chafe under what to them must seem an interminable tardiness; but that is infinitely to be preferred to precipitateness. I individually, heartily endorse and commend the Administration. I have not the least ground or reason for complaint. The Administration and the party, from the President to the humblest member, have no stauncher supporter than I am."

A BURGLAR entered the residence of Hon. John A. Logan at Washington on Sunday night, and was heard tramping around in the house by Mrs. Logan, who quietly started to find out the nature of the intruder's visit. The burglar proved to be a well-dressed white man, who was surprised by Mrs. L. while in the act of rifling her jewelry case. He made a thrust at Mrs. L. with a huge bowie knife, but she avoided the blow by rushing out of the room. In the excitement which followed the burglar escaped through a window, carrying with him a set of jewelry.

The Old and the New.

The close of an administration and the beginning of a new one, in a city like Decatur, is always a subject of interest, but there never has been a change fraught with more importance than that which took place last night. It is altogether too soon to make any prognostications with reference to the new administration, but it did one thing at the outset which shows that it has mettle enough to grapple with any question that may come before it; we refer to the refusal of the council to grant licenses to certain persons to establish saloons. It was a good start, and if the council will preserve the same independence of action it will receive the plaudits of the people. The close of the administration of Mayor Chambers, however, furnishes a good opportunity for something in the way of retrospect, and while it is the most natural thing in the world for people to find fault with their rulers we cannot but think that a calm and thoughtful examination of the events which mark the course of Mayor Chambers' administration will result in the conviction that it has accomplished much that has been of lasting benefit to the city. The farewell address of the late mayor, which will be found on our fourth page, sets forth a few of the notable events of his administration. The list of permanent improvements enumerated by the mayor as accomplished during the two years just closed will show that the expenditures made resulted in something more than mere temporary helps, and that the permanent gain to the city has been such as the mayor and council may point to with pride. In the matter of sidewalks especially the council is to be congratulated on the progress made. Instead of the broken and dilapidated wooden walks of a couple of years ago we have now miles of permanent brick pavements, and the most remote parts of the city can now be reached with reasonable comfort. It is true that the sidewalk policy of the council has caused a great deal of complaint, and in some cases has worked positive hardship, but these are incidents inseparable from any policy. Sidewalks are a necessity, and no plan for building them ever devised in the history of the city has accomplished so much. The policy of the late administration with reference to this question has at last been generally acquiesced in, and it is to be hoped that it will not be disturbed, for it is working with eminent success. The old council and Mayor Chambers are entitled to the thanks of the people for the successful carrying out of a scheme that has done so much to add to the beauty and comfort of the city. A little reflection will suggest many reasons why the administration that stepped down and out last night should receive the approval of its general policy by the people. It is easy to grumble and find fault, but who can point to an administration that has accomplished more of permanent good for the city?

IT is to be regretted that the conflict at Lemont between the rioters and the militia should have resulted in bloodshed, but it is only another exemplification of the fact that this is a government of law, and those who willingly violate the law must take the consequences. There is nothing more clearly established in this country than that agrarianism and violence must be put down by the strong arm of the law, and that whoever stands in the way is liable to be run over.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is reported as saying that he had a very enjoyable visit to Gettysburg. It must have added to the pleasure of the occasion to him the recollection that he was just fresh from the work of appointing to important places under the government many of the men who on that bloody field had fought desperately to destroy the government they are now representing abroad. Verily, the whirligig of time doth bring strange revenges.

MAXWELL, the supposed murderer of the man found in the trunk at the Southern Hotel, St. Louis, was arrested at Auckland, New Zealand, yesterday. He will give the officers trouble, and can only be brought back on a requisition.

THE fellow who fired a couple of pistol shots in the air on Monday, as the train bearing President Cleveland from Gettysburg was passing through a small village, was doubtless some enthusiastic Democrat, who had no better means at hand for firing a presidential salute. It is not likely that there was any malicious design in the matter, though the sensational correspondents have sought to make as much out of it as they could.

AT a meeting of New Orleans merchants and others on Monday night, it was decided to keep the New Orleans Exposition open another year if the President would agree to continue the exhibit of the various governmental departments there. A committee was appointed to visit the President and secure an order to that effect. The sum needed to keep the Exposition open is $270,000.

THUS far the counting of the cash in the United States Treasury has revealed a discrepancy of two cents. This shortage was found in a package of $5 made up of cents. The responsible clerks made up the deficiency, and expressed a belief that a recount will show the package to be correct.

THE debt was reduced $4,000,000 during April. And it seems the surplus is only $23,000,000. Great Scott! How that man Hendricks did prevaricate when he promised a "divvy" on $400,000,000. Open "them ar" books and let "the light of Heaven shine in upon them."

JUDGE GRESHAM yesterday formally set the Mackin-Gallagher case for hearing May 18, intimating that there would be no more postponements.

WASHINGTON CITY.

What a Macon County Boy Thinks of It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30, 1885.

EDS. REPUBLICAN:—your paper has reminded me regularly of your flourishing little city. When I contrast it with Washington my estimation of the western city is not lessened, yet I cannot fail to observe how different are the reasons for which the two cities flourish. I dare say that Decatur with its 13,000 inhabitants has five times the number of manufactories of which this place can boast. It perhaps is not strange that Washington has no flouring mills, but when we learn that it neither supports a blasting furnace nor a check-rower manufactory, we are forced to conclude that it is in a greater degree of antiquity than we supposed. But the rattle of the coach and cab seems to compensate for the ring and whirr of hammer and wheel. Of course dry goods, clothing and grocery stores are numerous, but aside from the supply of the people's immediate wants there seems to be but little business enterprise. People come here to live, that is to spend their money and enjoy society; and the beauty of the city bears good evidence of their pride in making this a delightful place to live. The broad streets are paved in an admirable manner and are everywhere lined with well-kept trees. Of course, from danger of fire, no frame dwellings with fantastic designs which the Decatur people call artistic are allowed to be erected, but with terra cotta and brick and stone in every form, the architect has no trouble to combine beauty with stability and taste. Considerable credit for making the city what it is must be given to ex-Governor Shepherd of the district, who, about 1870, superintended the paving of the streets and the planting of some 67,000 trees along the streets and in the numerous little parks that so pleasantly surprise one as he walks through the city for the first time. The impetus then given to the work has carried it on until now probably no large city of the Union, as a whole, equals this in beauty. Yet, curiously, scattered among the finest dwellings throughout the city are unsightly buildings, occupied mostly by the colored population. This unnatural condition is due to the fact that, as the designers intended, the city should be built to the east of the capitol; the price of land advanced there, and the poorer classes naturally sought cheaper lands to the northwest of it. But the wealthy did not long continue to pay these unreasonable prices for land either, so they, too, pushed to the northwest, and, as a result, the building-up of the city has been a gradual weeding-out process of shanties to make way for more worthy structures.

The capital as it is, Washington is visited by all classes of people from all countries, and many become charmed with American people and manners, and if their purse be long enough, make this their home. This gives spice to society here, and perhaps accounts for some of the many French and other literary clubs. The people of Washington, as a class, are well-dressed, and their appearance seems to be quite in harmony with the surroundings, but unfortunately, some well-dressed people are dudes. It is said that an Athenian gentlemen, who appeared upon the street without his walking-stick, was regarded with suspicion, and if the same view of the custom was held here, I doubt that the cane would be in much greater favor.

Spring was fully two weeks behind its usual time of coming, but already the trees have lined the streets with a foliage that almost shuts from view the long lines of houses. Where the shade is dense and continuous one would expect mud, but nothing has struck me more forcibly than the complete absence of the "article." The streets are paved with a concrete composed of asphaltum, from the island of Trinidad, cement and powdered stone, at a cost of from $3.00 to $3.50 per square yard. The composition is laid on hot and rolled smooth, and when cold yields very stubbornly to the pick. At night large sweepers, drawn by four horses each, sweep the trash into windrows at the edge of the sidewalk, from whence it is carted in the morning, and so nice does this make the streets that in the quiet parts of the city people prefer them to the sidewalks.

M.

TOM HUGHES writes to the Toronto *Week:* "We are probably on the eve of a long and trying war, which may well spread to Europe and Asia before we see the end of it. But wherever it spreads and however we fare in it, I for one have no doubt but that at the end we shall come out of it a united Empire in a sense which few of the most sanguine of us would have dared to dream of a year ago."

THE silver vaults of the United States Treasury are considered safe from burglars. Aside from the safeguards of locks, and bolts, and guards there is the knowledge that a man could not carry away over $3,000 if he got in, not enough to pay counsel and secure bail.

SECRETARY BAYARD says that the criticisms of his official conduct come only from "pestilent political gnats." The shrinkage in Mr. Bayard during the last few weeks has been greater than that in any watered stock on the market.

ENGLAND has backed down. There will be no war with Russia. Gladstone's action in recalling Lumsden is severely criticised.

Brown's Little Joke.

"Why Brown, how short your coat is," said Jones, one day to his friend Brown, who wittily replied: "Yes; but it will be long enough before I get another." Some men spend so much for medicines that neither heal nor help them, that new clothes is with them like angels' visits—few and far between. Internal fevers, weakness of the lungs, shortness of breath and lingering coughs, soon yield to the magic influence of that royal remedy, Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery."

—A complete German translation of the Babylonian Talmud (the first accomplished) is to be published shortly at Innspruck.

—Nothing pleases the editor of a new journal more than to publish the obituary of the pessimist who predicted that the paper would prove a fizzle.

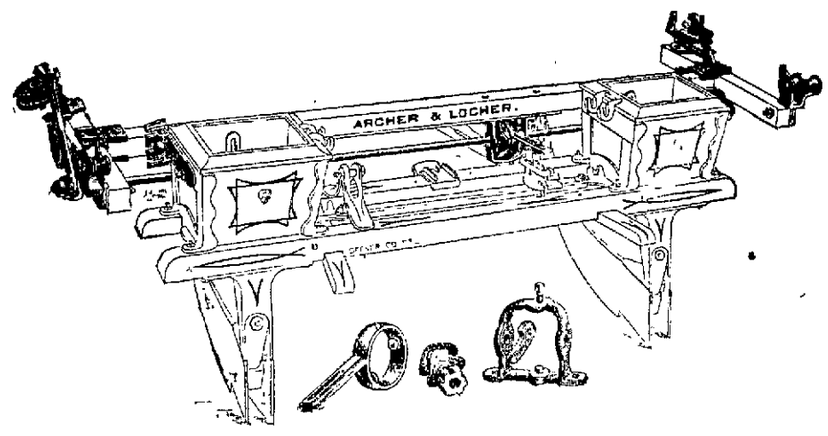
CHICAGO *Journal:* War is threatened between the Governors of Illinois and Missouri. Governor Oglesby's recent proclamation quarantining this State against Missouri cattle, owing to the alleged existence of pleuro-pneumonia in the latter State, is the *casus belli.* Governor Marmaduke insists that there is no infectious disease among the cattle of his State, and asks Governor Oglesby to revoke his proclamation. "I know the condition of pleuro-pneumonia in this State better than you do," declares Marmaduke to Oglesby, and adds, "you have been grossly misinformed." Meantime, Gov. Oglesby believes he knows what he is about, and at last advices had not revoked his proclamation. Careful investigation will prove, we think, that this cattle scare, like that of last year, is the work of certain professional veterinarians and others who have their own rather than the public interest to promote. The cattle interest of the West complains that the professional veterinarians—especially those in office—have of late years become a public nuisance. And it does look that way.

IN the appointment of Mr. Goode, an ex-confederate, as Solicitor-General, the Democrats of the South secure their control over the Department of Justice. That was the one thing they specially desired. They hope now to be rid entirely of the necessity of even making a show of compliance with the Federal election laws. Mr. Goode, who secured a seat in Congress by frauds committed in defiance of those laws, and who was afterward badly defeated when the laws were enforced, will be certain to use his influence to nullify them. The Attorney-General, in his opinion on the Lawton case, practically attempted to override the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution. He can be certain of the aid of Mr. Goode in all efforts of that kind.

The Last Shall be First and the First Shall be Last.

THE NEW LOCHER CHECK ROWER.

The three pieces shown in cut represent all the working parts of the Check Rower. It certainly is the SIMPLEST device yet made, consequently the CHEAPEST and most durable of Check Rowers.



Farmers, do not buy a Check Rower without calling on ARCHER & LOCHER to see theirs and get their prices. You will save money.

It completes the stroke of the planter by two thirds stroke of the forks, consequently no missing hills.

Position on planter, as shown in cut, is in front of boxes, leaving the box opening free to put corn in, which is a great convenience.

It is not necessary to remove the dropper's seat; and by the removal of one bolt the planter can be operated by hand.

It has less friction than any Check Rower made. Don't fail to see it before buying.

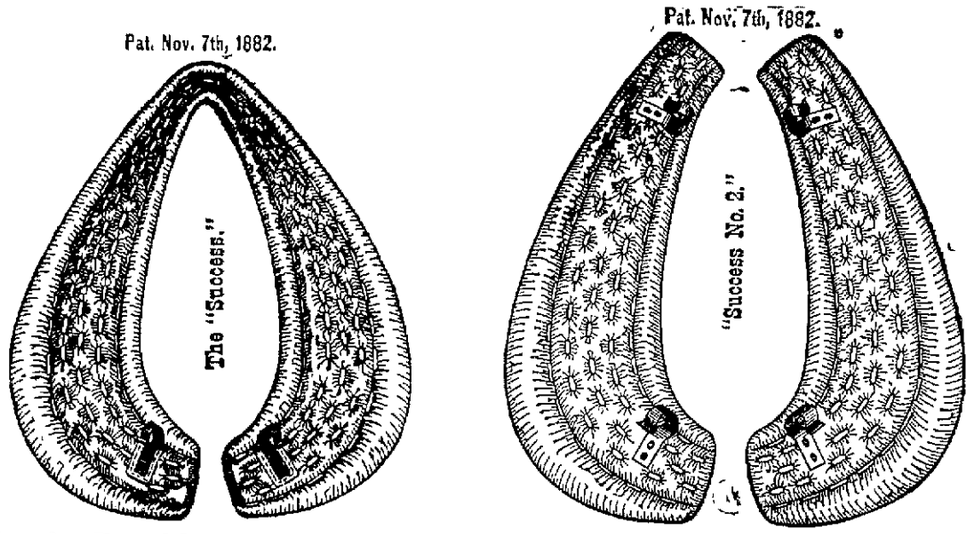
ARCHER & LOCHER,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

The place to buy Plows, Cultivators, Farmers' Friend Corn Planters, and any other Farm Implements.

April 2, 1885—wtf

THE SUCCESS COLLAR PAD,



Simple, Durable and of More General Use than any Pad in the Market.

Stuffed with the purest of goat hair, and made throughout by first class mechanics: is attached to the collar by means of Elastic Steel Hooks in the quickest and simplest manner possible. We have sold over Five Hundred pairs during the past thirty days. EACH AND EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. For Sale by

J. G. STARR & SON.

The Only Place to get the Genuine

ACME HARROW

—IS AT—

ARCHER & LOCHER'S.



You can get the Old Reliable BROWN PLANTER with the best Check Rower in the world attached, for **$50**, of

ARCHER & LOCHER.

April 23-wtw

THE PURE BRED IMPORTED CLYDESALE STALLION,

(1760) 699.

Will stand the season of 1885 at the farm of A. H. Byman, 2½ miles north of Harristown, Ill.

DESCRIPTION AND PEDIGREE.

MAZEPPA will be seven years old in June, and will weigh 2,000 pounds; color, a beautiful dark dapple bay, with star in face and black legs. He has immense bone and for style and action cannot be surpassed. Has proven a sure stock getter, and his colts are giving the highest satisfaction. He was bred in Scotland, and sired by the renowned horse PRINCE OF WALES (673) 437, the most popular sire in Scotland.

Also, will stand the fine young Jack, STAR OF THE EAST, which has proved to be a No. 1 breeder.

TERMS TO INSURE.

Mazeppa, $20; Jack, $10—money due May 1, 1886. If not paid when due to draw interest at 8 per cent per annum. Mares parted with or removed before known to be with foal forfeit the insurance. All possible care will be taken to prevent accidents or escapes, but will not be responsible should any occur. Pasture for mares at reasonable rates.

April 16-w2m BYMAN & HAMILTON.

TO BEE KEEPERS.

Hives, sections, foundations, smokers, Queens and Italian bees for sale

Jun5-wtf E. A. GASTMAN, Decatur, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GREAT

NEW YORK FIRE STORE

HAS BEEN REMOVED TO

118 Merchant Street,

First Door North of Freeman's Shoe Store, where the stock will be sold LESS THAN COST TO MANUFACTURE.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

SOME OF THE BARGAINS:

Men's and Boys' Overcoats from $2.00 up to the finest made
Men's and Boys' Suits from $3.00 up to the finest made
Odd Pants from 50 Cents up to the finest made
Overalls, 25 Cents and upwards.
Undershirts, 15 Cents and upwards.
Drawers, 15 Cents and upwards.
White Laundried Shirts, 40 Cents and upwards
Blue Flannel Shirts, 50 cents and upwards
Work Shirts, 25 Cents and upwards.
Winter Caps, 10 Cents and upwards.
Winter Gloves, 25 Cents and upwards.
Men's Fur Hats, $1.00 and upwards.
Odd Coats and Vests cheaper than you ever saw them.

Come at once or you will regret it All goods sold for CASH ONLY.

NO. 118 MERCHANT STREET.

SIGN—Great New York Fire Store.
j15wtf.

Rheumatism

Though painful and wearing almost beyond endurance is not an intractable disease if treated in time. Perhaps no other disease has so baffled the efforts of science and medicine as this, but at last a remedy has been discovered in Tongaline which CURES RHEUMATISM, and is heartily endorsed by many of the Leading Physicians.

WHAT THEY SAY:

"TONGALINE is doing all that is claimed it will do." G. C. SEIFERT, M. D., Cantrall, Ill.

"Had a case of Inflammatory Rheumatism of nearly all the large joints. Gave TONGALINE, and to-day my patient is out and doing well." W. W. BAXTER, M. D., Hersman, Ill.

"In my opinion TONGALINE supercedes all other so-called rheumatic remedies." S. C. WORSHAM, M. D., Marengo, Ill.

"Have given TONGALINE a fair trial, and think it the best remedy I have ever found for Rheumatism." B. F. DAVIS, Sturgeon, Mo.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

J. C. VAUGHAN 42 LaSALLE ST. CHICAGO

WILL MAIL FREE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF

ALL SEEDS GARDEN, FIELD, TREE and FLOWER. CORN and POTATOES.

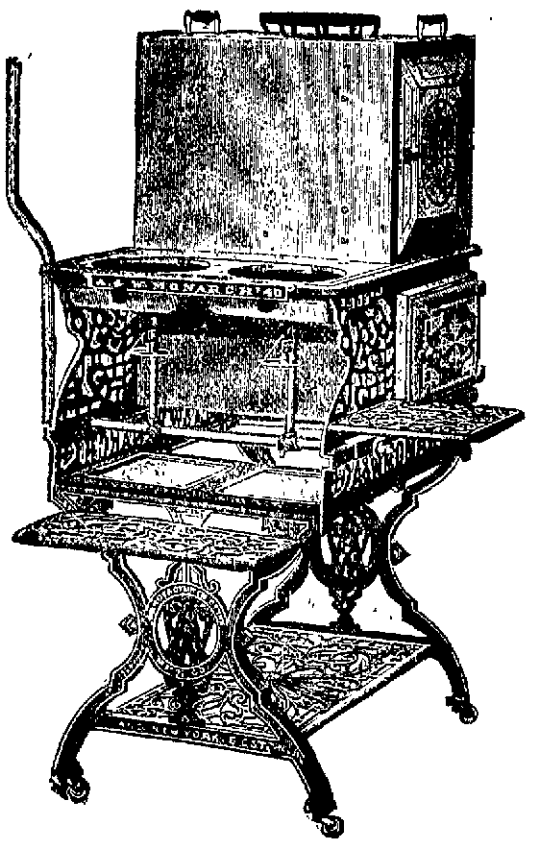
GARDEN TOOLS MOST COMPLETE LIST IN THE U. S.



THE A. & W. MONARCH,

The Most Complete Gasoline Stove Made.

Takes up less room and does more work than any other Stove.



The Only GASOLINE STOVE in the market having a WARMING CLOSET.

Call and examine this Stove whether you want to buy or not. It will interest you. Sold only by

FERGUSON & DILLEHUNT

125 North Water Street.

POTATO CULTURE.

The Importance of the Crop and Need of Better Methods in Growing It.

More attention has been paid to the cultivation and improvement of this than any other vegetable, grain or crop on the list of garden and farm products. This is no doubt due to the prominent place it takes in the food of the people. We speak of our "daily bread," but the daily potato is as important and necessary to the tables of all, rich and poor, all over the land. Every one wants potatoes, yet the universal demand does not make them a very profitable crop except in certain favored localities where the soil and climate are just suited to their growth. The average yield of this State at the average price will bring not over thirty dollars per acre, which, considering the expense of cultivation and the labor of handling in excess of many other crops, is not a large return. Better crops would bring larger returns and better profits, and the thing to find out is how to raise larger crops and be certain of them. There is more diversity of opinion in regard to the planting, mode of preparing seed and cultivation of this crop than is true of any other farm crop. One plants early, another late; one manures with well rotted and another with coarse, unfermented manure; one cuts the seed to one eye; two eyes, seed ends, stem ends and whole tubers, large, medium and small; one hills them, another prefers flat culture, etc., to the end. Where there is so great difference of treatment some one ought to find the right method, but all the methods turn out very much the same average results, and no one has yet shown manifest superiority over all.

As a farm crop from which to expect money return, the potato crop is not considered reliable in most localities. It is greatly dependent on the season, as a drouth at the critical time when tubers are forming will limit the yield on the best prepared soil and with the best cultivation. For the general crop there is perhaps no better condition of the soil than to turn under a clover sod that has been well manured previously on the surface. Plow early and then work with a tillage implement that will mellow the soil as deep as plowed. If this is not done before planting, it can never be done effectually. The tubers will not grow in hard soil, no matter how rich, and after planting the soil can not be mellowed under and close about the plants as thoroughly as before. Plant early and not too thick on common soil. As before stated, no one has learned for a certainty just what is the best way to prepare the seed, but that cut one eye to a piece will go the farthest and has proved as productive as any method. One method of selecting seed that would seem to be in the line of improvement is when digging to select for seed the most productive hills and the best tubers in such hills. This would be in the same line as to select the most thrifty stock for breeding purposes.

No doubt a lack of care in selecting seed has been the cause of the early deterioration of varieties and their ultimate extinction, requiring the production of new varieties. This has resulted only in keeping the product and quality about the same as it was years ago; in fact it is questionable if the quality is as good as then. The selection of varieties must be determined by trial in each locality. Some varieties do better in one soil and some in another, and it is impossible to determine which variety is best suited except by trial and that generally for more than one season. Then, again, a variety that grows well may not be of good quality. A trial of several varieties is advisable as they come into notice, but we would never advise buying large quantities at large prices of anything new that has not been well tested.

Of late the scab, a disease of the skin of the potato, or the work of some parasite or worm, which of these not having been determined by the scientific investigators, has done much damage in many localities, in many cases almost ruining the crop. Here is an opportunity for the scientific department of an experiment station to distinguish itself and do a great practical good to potato growers, by the discovery of the cause and prevention of this malady.

There are many questions connected with the harvesting and handling of this bulky crop when grown in quantities for market which the intelligent grower will solve for himself, as the profit of the crop will sometimes turn on the difference in methods of harvesting and marketing.—*Detroit Post.*

Driving Without Hands.

A new method of driving horses by means of the feet, so as to keep the hands warm in cold, stormy weather, has been introduced recently. The method can be used either with or without the ordinary plan of hand-driving, the latter being resorted to in genial weather if preferred. The feet rest on a firm board, and the horse is guided by raising or lowering the toes, thus bearing on one or the other rein by means of straps in connection with them, which pass over the pully mounted on the front board of the vehicle. The driver's hands are quite free, and may be inserted in the pockets of his great-coat. The apparatus can be attached to any vehicle in a very few minutes, and can be used by a very young person. When the driver leaves the vehicle there is a gentle bearing on the horse's mouth which tends to keep him quiet.—*Cassell's Family Magazine.*

—A cynical observer remarked at the ball last week that "while the ladies present formed the most brilliant constellation this side of the Southern Cross or the zone of Orion, the gents were the cloudiest, dullest and stupidest set to be found outside a fog or the Texas Legislature.—*Panola (Tex.) Watchman.*

—Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas contain pine forests in which the sound of the logger's ax has never been heard, and which extend over tens of thousands of square miles.

BLOOMINGTON *Leader:* The people of New Orleans have just reason for hard feelings against the citizens of Illinois. A committee of the legislature of this State is now in New Orleans.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY IF



ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., Flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.

FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

PREPARED BY THE

Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

—AND—

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems, Best Dry Hop Yeast.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.



DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS

MOST PERFECT MADE

Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc., flavor as delicately and naturally as the fruit.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

AFTER DINNER.

Persons who suffer from Indigestion can arrest the progress of that painful malady by the use of an after-dinner pill, so composed that it will give tone to the stomach, prevent heartburn, rouse the liver to healthful action, invigorate the kidneys, and thus, through the activity of these organs, promote the natural movement of the stomach and bowels. AYER'S PILLS are so compounded that their action, though mild, effectually produces the above results. They also, in curing Constipation, remove the cause of Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Rheumatism, and many other serious ailments.

AYER'S PILLS

contain no mineral nor poisonous substance, and do not gripe unless the bowels are irritated, and even then their influence is healing. To continue their effect in constipated or chronic cases, they need only be taken in diminishing instead of increasing doses. For seamen, and inhabitants or travelers in sparsely settled countries where physicians are not at hand, they are of inestimable value. There is hardly a sickness they will not alleviate, and in most cases cure, if taken promptly. To young girls just entering upon womanhood, and to women whose period of maternity is drawing to a close, Ayer's Pills, in moderate doses, merely sufficient to ensure regular action of the bowels, will be found of

Incalculable Value.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Farmers' Column.

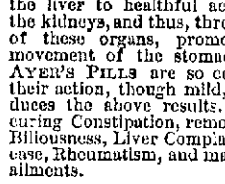
TO RENT—40 acres of good pasture, or will pasture cattle by the head. Apply to J. H. PARK, one mile south of Harristown. a16wat

MONEY TO LOAN on farm lands at 7 per cent., without commission. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, over New York Store, Decatur, Illinois. dec.11—w6m

Get Ready for Spring Calves.

—o—

GRISWOLD & LEWIS, successors to Close, Griswold & Co., Corner Hardware Store, agents for FUNK'S CALF FEEDER—now come in general use. Special rates to dealers and agents on dozen and gross lots. The calf sucks the rubber nipple and keeps in as good condition as when fed by its own mother. It is profitable and cheap. You can afford to buy one for every calf. Another brand sells in the Eastern States for $3.00. No more bloated calves; no more indigestion; no calf ears sucked; no more fingers chewed.



[Patent applied for]

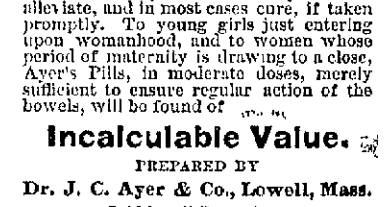
Send for circulars. Price by mail, 50 cents. Manufactured and for sale by

m'28-w4 R. F. FUNK, Decatur, Ill.

P. S.—Parties having the feeder without holder to keep it in bucket, can get it free of charge at Griswold & Lewis'.

LAKE FORK STOCK FARM

(Situated five miles west and one mile south of Marca, Ill.



Owned by W. H. PARKER, Marca, Ill.

W. H. PARKER,

Importer and Breeder of

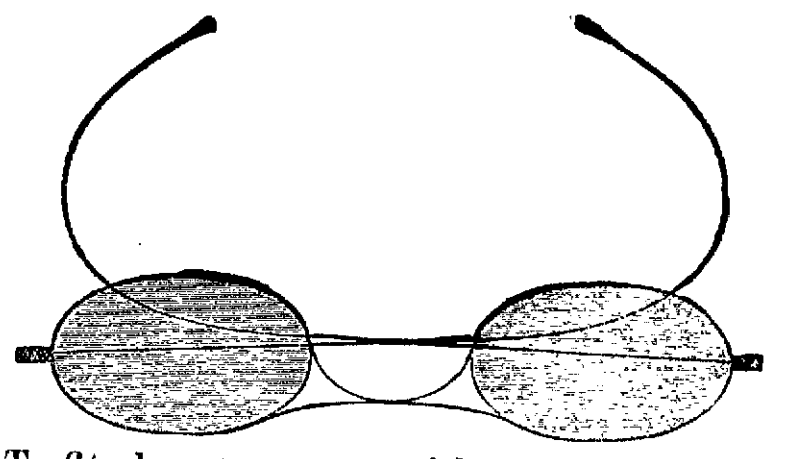
Short-Horn Cattle, Southdown Sheep,

—AND—

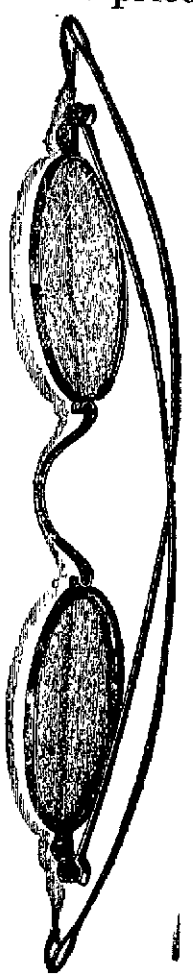
POLAND CHINA SWINE.

All stock eligible to record. Prices reasonable, and stock guaranteed. Feb. 19-wtf

WE ARE PREPARED



To fit almost any one with the BEST Spectacles that can be had, and at REASONABLE prices.



We would ask our trade in the country and towns surrounding Decatur to please keep in mind that we can give you the very best Steel Spectacles with silver nose-piece and finest

FRENCH CRYSTAL LENSES,

for $2.50, and the same lenses in SOLID GOLD FRAMES.

FROM $5.00 TO $7.50.

We would like to ask our patrons to keep these prices in mind when they are besieged by the numerous spectacle peddlers now making the rounds of the country, giving a lengthy "Song and Dance" about "Scotch Quartz," "Brazilian Pebble," and all that sort of stuff, claiming to be Dr. Somebody or another, and getting enormous prices for, in many instances, inferior goods to those we offer above.

We have all the appliances to fit any eye that can be fitted. We guarantee not only the fit, but the quality.

Respectfully,

OTTO E. CURTIS & CO.,

Leading Jewelers of Illinois.

Unequalled Bargains!

AN ELEGANT DISPLAY

—OF—

Reliable Goods and Guaranteed Value.

Special attention is called to our large line and most complete variety of

DRESS GOODS,

SUMMER SILKS, (In Plaids and Stripes.)

VELVETS,

PARASOLS, HOSIERY, CORSETS,

CURTAIN NET, SCRIM CLOTH,

Embroideries, Laces, Gloves, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Housekeeping Linens,

—AND—

WHITE GOODS.

You can Save 15 to 25 Cents on EACH DOLLAR BY TRADING WITH US.

Come to us for BARGAINS and nobby goods.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE.

Moritz & Co.

MERCHANT ST.

A PREMIUM of 12 yds of the best Calico or fancy worsted dress goods, of good quality, and of your own selection, will be given to each customer buying $5.00 worth or over.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

ENTERED at the postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

PEACE again reigns in Panama, thanks to the prompt action of Admiral Jouett.

MR. CARL SCHURZ made a speech in support of Mr. Cleveland a few days ago. In return he of course expects Mr. Cleveland to do an act in support of Mr. Carl Schurz.

THE new Minister to England, Mr. Phelps, made a vigorous plea in favor of civil service reform the other day in Boston. This does not signify, however, that he intended to commit himself personally upon the subject. In this case, as in that of the Emma mine swindle, he may have appeared merely as an attorney.

THE Czar has sent an ultimatum to the British Government, stating that unless England accepts the boundary in Afghanistan proposed by Russia, that Russian troops will immediately march upon Herat.

BEFORE the recent group of appointments were made in New England, ex Senator Eaton, of Connecticut, expressed his intention to move out of that Democratic State into Rhode Island or Vermont. "Those fellows," said he, "are the only ones that receive recognition from this administration." He probably feels better now.

CHICAGO *Legal News:* "If a judge occupies the bench for a term of six or nine years and administers justice fairly, without prejudice or political bias, the people should see to it that he is re elected, without regard to party. Let the people throughout the state turn out and re-elect every honest, faithful judge, without regard to the dictates of any party."

IN his recent speech, Gladstone declared in effect that he would adopt all honorable means to keep the peace with Russia, but would not submit to being kicked in the back and spit in the face. Russia has virtually done that already, but what the English Premier is apparently waiting for is to be flatly told that Russia really meant it.

AMONG the junketing members of the house is Templeman, one of the Democratic representatives from this district. He will not be missed much, though. He might about as well be in New Orleans or on his Logan county farm all the time, for all the good he does in Springfield. He helps to make up a quorum when present, but that's about all.

THE action of the Chicago Board of Trade yesterday, in cutting off the wires which connected the new building with the bucket shops, has created the greatest consternation among the petty concerns which live by fleecing the small country suckers. If they were all driven out of existence the country would be better off.

DURING the campaign the Republican charge that a Democratic administration would attempt to render nugatory the constitutional amendments was ridiculed by the Bourbon press and speakers, but the prophecy has come true, all the same. Attorney General Garland, in his opinion concerning the eligibility of an unpardoned rebel to hold office, in effect nullifies the fourteenth amendment, and does just what the Republicans charged that the Democrats intended to do.

EX-GOV. HAMILTON has formed a law partnership in Chicago with William J. Campbell and Jacob R. Custer, the style of the firm being Campbell, Hamilton & Custer. Mr. Campbell is, and has been for years, a Senator from Cook county, and during Gov. Hamilton's administration was president of that body and *ex-officio* Lieutenant-Governor. He is now president *pro tem.* of the Senate. The firm is an exceptionally strong one, and will certainly take a high rank at the Chicago bar.

INDIANAPOLIS *Journal*: We have now a reform administration, with all that the term implies. It has been a long time since this Nation has been represented abroad by men who favored its destruction.

THE turning out of Republican officials by President Cleveland, and the filling of their places by Democrats who have grown "attenuated and diaphanous" by forcible and protracted abstinence from official pabulum, is the subject which seems to have taken complete possession of the mind of our neighbor of the *Review*. It is painful to see a man who has heretofore shown an ability to grapple with all sorts of questions thus become possessed, as it were, of a single idea, to the exclusion of all others. It betokens a breaking down of the mental forces, and is a finger-board, so to speak, pointing the way to a cell in the mad-house.

The Supply of Grain in Sight

The following figures taken from the weekly statement compiled by the Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade, shows the amount of grain in sight in the United States and Canada, on Saturday, April 25, and the amount of increase or decrease over the preceding week: Wheat, 44,634,672 bushels, a decrease of 1,053,722; corn 8,899,671, a decrease of 1,028,886; oats 2,208,351, a decrease of 42,270; rye 268,211, a decrease of 18,568; barley 506,533, a decrease of 76,850. The amount of grain in store in Chicago on the date named was, wheat 15,305,365 bushels, corn 1,852,450, oats 332,257, rye 100,771, barley 38,594.

OUR neighbor of the Democratic organ hastens to apologize for the New Orleans junket of a part of the legislature by saying that it is "not as bad as represented." To properly appreciate the weight of this observation it should be borne in mind that the leader of the junketers is the Democratic speaker of the house, and the majority of the party are Democrats. If the reverse had been true the readers of the *Review* would have been regaled for weeks with the indignant protestations of its "non-partisan" editor against such an enormous offense.

THE editor of the *Review* never lets an opportunity slip to throw a slur at Senator Rogers. His latest is to reflect upon that gentleman for coming home to vote at the city election. If the Senator had not come home on that occasion the hypercritical editor would have made that a ground of criticism. The *Review* editor ought to become sensible of the fact that in all this he only betrays a spirit which makes him ridiculous, for the public cannot lose sight of the fact that it was this same Senator Rogers who sat down on the aforesaid editor so hard in 1882. Hence all this criticism.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.
dec15-dsod&w1yr

—Chenile embroidered nun's veilings are going to be much worn.

Fisher & Seibert

Have opened up a store on South Water street, No. 134, where they will handle a full line of *first-class* Farming Implements; also Threshing Engines, Threshers and Patent Straw Stackers, *all of the very best.* Call and see them before buying and they will do you good.
mar12-w3mos

Change of Proprietor.

A. F. Ross has purchased the stock of H. W. Fenton and will continue the clothing business at the old and well-known stand. With a long experience in the business in Decatur, with a large acquaintance among the people of the city and county, and with a full and complete stock of everything in the clothing line, he hopes to merit a share of the public patronage. All he asks is a trial.
April 30-w4w

Unheard-of Prices.

At present, ladies, you can buy a good high button shoe, sizes 2½ to 6½ for 75c; no old stock. In hard times like these do not buy inferior goods or pay extravagant prices. POWERS & HAWORTH'S New Shoe Store. m26-wtf

Attention, Farmers!

When you want hard or soft coal it will be to your interest to call at my yard, next to Shellabarger's mill, on Water St.
GEO. W. EHRHART.
Dec. 25-wtf

You can get the original Brown Cultivators and Planters of Archer & Locher. wtf

You can buy Planters and Check Rowers, warranted as good as the very best, for $45, of Archer & Locher. Hard times prices. apr2-wtf.

FRESH oysters by dish or can, at J. H. Krebs, 146 East Prairie street. 19d&wtf

You can get the Pekin Cultivators and Plows of Archer & Locher. wtf

THE British consolidated Government bonds known as 'consols," which have of late been the most watched quotation on the markets of the world, amount in value to $3,500,000,000, on which the annual interest is $145,000,000. They constitute a perpetual obligation of the United Kingdom, bearing 3 per cent interest and representing an irredeemable principal. For seven years back they have not been quoted as low as at present, their fluctuations being confined to between 90 and 100, closing Saturday at 95 and a fraction. The idea of the consol, and wherein it differs from our national debt, is that the principal may vary in amount, but the interest never. The word consol is an abbreviation of "consolidated annuities."

THE deluded Second Adventists at Corinna, Maine, who had made preparations for the coming of the Lord and the end of the world last Wednesday, have dropped their ascension robes and returned to their usual avocations. Elder Nickerson, the false prophet, is expected to return to Corinna Monday, when he will revise his figures and probably announce the discovery of an important error. A little hard work at sawing wood would take the conceit out of Nickerson, and others of his ilk.

COMMISSIONER SPARKS of the General Land Office thinks he has discovered that seventy inspectors of the bureau have cost the Government $1,000,000 a year. The appropriation for the salaries and traveling expenses of these seventy officials has been $200,000 a year. The Commissioner should cudgel his brains to learn whence comes the other $800,000.

The Kenney Town

Maroa went license and the saloons are open now. They are two in number. Kenney's town board met and granted liquor licenses to Samuel Emmett, Pettyjohn Bros. and D. W. Ducey; laid the applications for billiard and pool licenses on the table; made the liquor license $500; other applications referred; elected David Cromwell marshal, and R. Robbins treasurer. The president appointed the following committees: On ordinance—J. R. Turner, W. R Ferguson and B Burns. Streets and alleys—Burns, Hanes and Ines

J. W Butman.

Action of the Board of Directors of the Decatur Gas Light and Coke Company, April 9th. 1885

Resolved, That the resignation of Mr. J. W. Butman, as superintendent of the works, be accepted, to take effect on the 1st day of May proximo, and that in so doing we hereby tender to Mr. Butman our high appreciation of the industry and integrity with which he has discharged the duties of the office held by him since May 1, 1871, and the esteem in which we hold him for his unvarying fidelity and uniform courtesy.

Hosiery,

In endless variety, color and quality. Conspicuous among them we show an elegant line of pin stripe full regular made, seamless ladies' hose at 25c, 35c and 40c, same grades and qualities in solid colors, including black at 20, 25, 30, 40 and 50c, respectively, and thousands of other equally great bargains in ladies', misses and children's hosiery See them before you buy. CHEAP STORE
Big 18. 1-d6w1

—Shot-twilled silk serges, with patterns of tiny brilliant flowers, are very fashionably worn abroad for graceful house robes.

Gospel services at 3 30 p. m. in rooms, 148 Merchant street. Everybody cordially invited to this service.

10 We make the following Standing Offer: We will sell at retail any items offered cheap by our competitors, at 10 per cent. below their price named 50,000 pairs now ready. L. L. FERRISS & Co.

—Gold and silver braid and all sorts of gold decorative objects trim many hats and bonnets intended for spring wear.

LADIES' hale-thread hose, equal to the best in the market, in black and other solid colors, at 25c, 50c and 65c respectively. See them. CHEAP STORE.
Big 18 1-d&w1w

—Statistics show that there is one physician to every 382 inhabitants in Japan.

—Teel or apricot is a favorite shade in satin toilets this season.

Ladies!

You can buy the best $3.00 Kid Button Shoes in the city, at Barber & Baker's
You can buy the best $2.50 Kid Button Shoes at Barber & Baker's.
You can buy the best $2.00 Kid Button Shoes at Barber & Baker's.
You can buy the best $1.00 Toe Slipper at Barber & Baker's
You can buy the best $1.00 Walking Shoe at Barber & Baker's. d&wtf

—A favorite proverb with the Turk is: "The dog is faithful; woman never.

Our Bed Spreads

At 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 excel anything in this market for the price.
CHEAP STORE.
18 Merchant St. 1-d&w1w

BICYCLE Suits, a specialty, at Cheap Charley's. d&wtf

Parasols.

We have just received an elegant assortment and splendid variety. We propose to sell them on a very small margin over and above cost.
18 Merchant st. CHEAP STORE.
1-d6w1

CHARLEY BRYAN would be pleased to have his friends call and see him at John Irwin's White Front. 6-d&wtf

LOKE handled "Car Sweepers" for sweeping walls—just the thing for housecleaning, at Morehouse, Wells & Co.'s.

You can buy the Farmers' Friend Corn Planter of Archer & Locher. The grandest of them all. wtf

You can get anything in the line of Farm Implements of Archer & Locher. Call on them—you can save money. [wtf

Look at Archer & Locher's advertisement of their Check Rower for any planter. ap2wtf

TO BREEDERS
—OF—
HORSES!

SEASON OF 1885.

Norman, Clydesdale and Roadster
STALLIONS,
—OWNED BY—
D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.,
PROPRIETORS OF
Elm Grove and Centre Ridge Stock Farms,
DECATUR, : : : ILLINOIS.

BREED TO THE BEST.

We wish to call your attention to the following facts:

The Imported Clydesdale Stallion,
KILMORY,
(748), Gr. Br. and I., 1703, will make the season of 1886 at our stable, Decatur, Ill.

LORD DARNLEY,
(1692) Gr Br and I., 2960, Imported Clydesdale, at Elm Grove Stock Farm.

MOUNT STUART,
(755) Gr Br and I., 1770, Imported Clydesdale, at Niantic, Ill.

MONARCH OF THE EAST,
(360) Gr. Br and I., 491, Imported Clydesdale, at Wykoff's Barn, Maroa, Ill.

FAVORY,
(2340) Imported Norman, at Stonington, Christian county, Ill.

BAJARET,
(1282), Imported Norman, at Center Ridge Stock Farm.

The Standard Bred Trotting Stallion
CORNELIAN,
(1085), will make the season at our stable in Decatur. CORNELIAN was sired by Princeps, sire of Trinket, 2.14, and several others in the 30 list; Princeps by Woodford Mambrino, he by Mambrino Chief, by Mambrino Paymaster, by Mambrino, by Imp. Messenger. Princeps' dam, Primrose, by Alexander's Abdallah, by Hambletonian, by Abdallah, by Mambrino, by Imp. Messenger. Cornelian's dam, Fanny Craig, sister of Haidee, was by Mambrino Chief by Mambrino Paymaster, by Mambrino, by Imp. Messenger Fanny Craig's dam, Beck, by Zenith, by American Eclipse, Duroc, son of Imported Diomed, by Florizel, by King Herod.
Cornelian is a beautiful Mahogany Bay, 16 hands high, fine style and superb trotting action In fair condition he will weigh 1350 pounds.

The Blue Bull Stallion,
STUART MACK,
Will serve a few mares at our stables north of Decatur, near the Downing Truck.

TERMS:

The terms are $20 to insure, and $25 to insure colt to stand and suck money due when mare is known to be in foal. Parties parting with mares before they are known to be in foal, and not being regular in attendance with their mares, will be held to owe for the season. Great care will be taken to avoid accidents or escapes, but we will not be responsible should any occur CORNELIAN and STUART MACK $30 to insure
Mares will be pastured at reasonable rates
Address correspondence to
D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
April 28-wtf

Established 1860

J. MILLIKIN & CO.
BANKERS
—AND—
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE
MONEY TO LOAN

We have put in Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing a secure place for their Bonds, Mortgage Notes, Insurance Policies, &c.
March 17, 1881—wtf

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

ELY'S
CREAM BALM
Causes no Pain. Gives Relief at once. Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply into nostrils. Give it a Trial

50 cents at Druggists. 60 cents by mail registered. Send for circular. Sample by mail 10 cents ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Oswego, N. Y
Jan1deodawly

JAMES PYLE'S
PEARLINE
THE BEST THING KNOWN
FOR
Washing and Bleaching
In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor, should be without it.
Sold by all Grocers BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of
JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.
Jan. 13d4—d&w eow

Competition Baffled!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

Of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing has been

MARKED DOWN!

—FROM—

15 TO 20 PER CENT!

Our reasons for doing so are as follows:

1st. To bring our superior line of Clothing within the reach of the trade, who were in the habit of buying cheap, shoddy goods heretofore.

2d. The desire of reducing our stock.

3d. The imperative necessity of conforming with the times by reducing prices to conform with farm and mechanical productions.

In order to convince you of the truth of our statement, especially as to our mark-down, we would request you to see our competitors, learn their prices, and your judgment will be in favor of

B. STINE,

The Boss Clothier AND Dealer in Gent's Furnishings,
DECATUR, ILL.

Feb. 12—wtf.

CASH HOUSE.

F. L. HAYS & CO.

300
Pieces New Spring Ginghams, at 6, 8, 10 and 12½c.

200
Pieces New Spring Prints at 5, 6 and 7c.

50
Pieces Pillow Case Muslin and double-width Sheeting, 42, 45, 54 inches, 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4, bleached and brown, at 12, 14, 15, 17, 22, 25, 28, 30 and 33c a yard—all lower than ever before. Also Twilled and Linen Sheeting.

50
Pieces Jamestown Mohair, in new Spring Shades. These are the best goods for the price in America. Also, new Spring Cashmeres, in black and colors.

50
Pieces NEW NOVELTIES in White Dress Goods.

1,000
Pieces New Embroideries, white and colored; Allovers, Lawn, Nainsook and Swiss Edgings and Insertings; Matched Goods, from one inch to ¼ yard wide, at prices from 5c to $4 a yard. This is the handsomest lot of Embroideries we have ever shown.

We have a full stock of all kinds of DOMESTIC GOODS. We have Handsome patterns Novelty Trimmings, New Corsets, Linen Collars, Braids, Buttons, etc., etc.

Every size of the "Wonder" Unlaundried Shirt at $1.00—*a better one can not be made at any price.*

Table Linens, Napkins and Towels—we never had so good a stock and at such low prices.

ACENTS McCALL'S BAZAR PATTERNS.

March 4, 1885—1&wtf

We Have Made
Sweeping Reductions
IN ALL GRADES OF
Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry,
Silverware and all Fancy Goods.

We have too many goods on hand, and if low prices will be an inducement to buyers, we are determined to dispose of them.

Do not buy one dollar's worth of goods in our line until you have seen our stock and prices.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,
JEWELERS.
Dec. 20—d&wtf

LET ME

WHISPER IN YOUR EAR

That Fred. Norman, the Barber, is selling Star and Horseshoe Tobacco at 50 cents per pound, and tickets to the grand donation thrown in the bargain.

NORMAN'S 10-CHAIR BARBER SHOP,

One Door East of Postoffice, DECATUR, ILLS.

Jan. 21, 1885—wtf



J. R. RACE & CO.'S

NEW CUTTER,

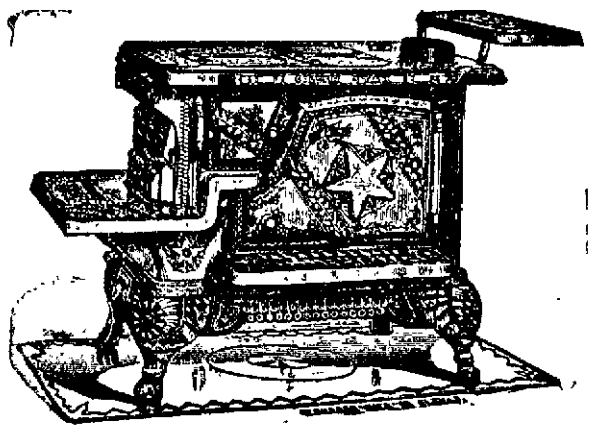
J. D. McCLELLAN,

IS NOW ON DUTY,

and is making suits and single garments warranted to fit.

GIVE HIM A TRIAL.

GOLDEN STAR.



GOLDEN STAR Cook, plain top, like above cut, for coal or wood. We also keep the same with reservoir.

ELEGANT in design, extra large oven, most perfect baker—in fact a first-class stove in every respect.

GRISWOLD & LEWIS,

Successors to Close, Griswold & Co.,

OLD CORNER HARDWARE STORE,

OUR TELEPHONE GIRL.

How a Malicious Woman Brought Trouble to Two Families.

There was a sort of languor stealing over the soul of the telephone girl. The sun shone warmly down upon the earth, and she was sitting near a window basking in its genial rays and reveling in the delicious reveries incident to an attack of spring fever, while the patrons of the exchange were doing their best to get her attention.

"Oh, that there were no such thing as work," she sighed. "How dull and aimless is a woman's life! Now, if I were a man, I would hie me away to the wild and reckless West and kick up such a muss as this staid old world has never, never known. Oh! *don't* I wish I was a man! Ah, well! I am only a poor, miserable, jilted telephone girl, and that settles it, but I tell you, Sallie, we have some fun occasionally in spite of our being a woman, don't we now? Of course we do, and we are going to have some more." She often holds such conversations with herself, and woe to the fellow that gives her an opportunity to get in her work after one of these spells. She leisurely resumed business, and soon had the run of a dozen conversations. When 947 called, she was prompt in replying:

"Hello!"

"Hello! central station, give me 414, please."

"Here it is!"

"Hello, Jones!"

"Hello! Who is it?"

"Alfred Winekettle, the editor of the weekly *Outcry*."

"Hello, Alf, what do you want?"

"Why, I'm going to be married Monday evening, and I want you to bring your girl down to the bride's residence and stand as my best man."

"Why, Alf, you surprise me. Who in the deuce are you going to marry?"

"Samantha Pillgargle!"

"The deuce you say!"

"Certainly I am! Why not, pray?"

"Are you acquainted with her?"

"Well I should think I am!"

"Well, I did not know you knew her, and if you do, I am wonderfully surprised that you are going to marry her."

"Why, is there anything wrong with her?" Here the malicious telephone girl switched on a man who was giving his lawyer the facts on which to base an application for divorce, and the reply Winekettle got was as follows:

"I married her nine years ago, and we have four boys and two girls. Last September, she left me and ran away with a Chicago drummer, and I did not know what had become of her until about a month ago when I heard she had returned to the city and was living at her father's house."

"Can you prove all this?" cried Winekettle.

"Every word of it," the man replied. "I am going to have a divorce as soon as I can get it, then, if she wants to marry again, she can marry and be blowed!"

The town is now electrified with the sensational breaking off of the Winekettle-Pillgargle match, and in trying to set himself right before the people the editor published a statement that his fiancee had been married to his friend, naming him, nine years, and they had six children, and she had run away with a drummer, and the girl has had him arrested for criminal libel and his friend has thrashed him, and yet the telephone girl is happy as a lark.—*Through Mail.*

THE ATMOOR.

Description of the Ideal Desert Which Is Native to Egypt and the Soudan.

Atmoor is the name the Arabs give the utterly barren kind of desert. This is truly the ideal desert, consisting mainly of hard gravel plains diversified by zones of deep sand, rocky ridges, sometimes of considerable altitude, and rugged defiles.

It is absolutely destitute of all vegetation, and consequently of animal life. Only the ostrich and hyena cross it swiftly by night, and the vulture hovers over the caravans by day. Not a tree, not a bush, not a blade of grass, relieves the glare of the sunlight upon the yellow sand.

No one can resist the solemn impression of deep silence and infinite space produced by the desert. When night has come and the soldiers and Bedouins are asleep in the bivouacs, walk away under the unequalled African moon beyond the first ridge of sand or rocks. Around you stretches a boundless sea-like horizon. The sand gleams almost as white as snow. Not a sound falls upon the ear, not the murmur of a breeze, not the rustle of a leaf of grass, not the hum of the smallest insect. Silence—only silence—as profound as death, unless it is broken by the howl of a prowling hyena or the distant roar of the king of beasts.

Within the limits of Egypt and the Soudan these desolate atmoors extend over three-quarters of a million of square miles, never trodden by the foot of man. Only a few caravan-trails cross them in their narrowest parts, with scanty wells at long intervals; and the necessities of trade can alone account for their being penetrated at all. They are like oceans, where caravans pass each other in haste, like vessels at sea.

The marches are perfectly terrible, and yet it is worse to halt during the day than to keep in motion, for the heat makes sleep or rest impossible, even under canvas. With the burning sand under your feet and the vertical sun over your head, you are as between the lids of an oven. In summer the thermometer rises to one hundred and fifty and one hundred and sixty degrees.

The air that blows feels as if it had just passed through a furnace or brick-kiln. Over the plains it quivers visibly in the sun, as if rising from a red-hot stove, while the mirage mocks your senses with the most life-like images of lakes, ponds and rippling waters. Were not the nights comparatively cool (eighty degrees in summer), neither men nor animals could endure the terrible ordeal.—*The Century.*

EMBLEMS.

Some Conspicuous Examples of the Symbolism of Flowers.

England's great statesman, the Earl of Beaconsfield, died on the 19th of April, 1881. Among his other characteristics he was known to be passionately fond of flowers; and of all flowers his favorite was the pretty little pink rose, which grows so plentifully on every English field and lane.

So it became the habit of those English people who cherish his memory, to adopt the primrose as a memento of him. On every 19th of April thousands of English are to be seen, in city streets and in the country districts, wearing the primrose in honor of the departed statesman.

In speaking of this custom recently, Sir Stafford Northcote, Beaconsfield's colleague and friend, said of the primrose that "it grows everywhere in the country, flowering in the most disadvantageous and most discouraging situations; and comes in the very beginning of spring, spreading itself over our fields as a type of fresh hope, fresh determination and fresh interest to men."

In all ages, and among almost every people, flowers have been adopted as symbols, types and emblems of human combination, affection and loyalty. The young reader need scarcely be reminded of the red and white roses which were the badges of the Lancastrian and York rivals to the English throne.

But this symbolism of flowers dates back to periods far older than the time of the wars of the Roses. The ancient nations had each its emblematic flower. The special flower of the Hindoos, for instance, has always been the marigold. The Chinese display as their national flower the gorgeous chrysanthemum.

The Assyrians have for ages proudly worn the water-lily. Egyptians delight most of all in the heliotrope; though the papyrus leaf, used by the ancient Egyptians in place of paper, may also be regarded in a high sense as the symbolic plant of the Nile.

The Greeks and Romans were in the habit of distributing the flowers in their luxurious gardens among the gods and demi-gods; just as in yet remoter times the sweet basil and the moon-flower were sacred to Asiatic deities.

In the Roman custom, to Juno was devoted the lily, to Venus the myrtle and the rose, to Minerva the olive and the violet; Diana had the dittany, Ceres the poppy, Mars the ash, Bacchus the grapeleaf, Hercules the poplar, and Jupiter, naturally, the monarch of trees, the oak.

So, we may infer that among the Romans, the lily and the oak were the emblems of power; the myrtle and the rose, of love, the olive and the violet, of learning; the ash, of war; and the grape-leaf, of festivity.

Even the days of the week, as we use them now, are named from deities who had each his special flower; the Sun (Sunday), the sunflower; the Moon (Monday), the daisy; Tuesday (the god Tui's day), the violet; Wednesday (the god Woden's day), the blue monkshood; Thursday (the god Thor's day), the burdock; Friday (the goddess Frea's day), the orchis; and Saturday (Saturn's day), the horse-tail.

We find also that in our own time, the sacred days in the calendar of the English Church have all their flower or plant emblems; the principal of which are, the holly for Christmas, the palm of Palm Sunday, and the amaranth for All Saints' Day.

Monarchs and nations have often had their symbolic flowers. The thistle is the emblem of Scotland, and the shamrock of Ireland. The fleur-de-lis is the badge of the royal house of France, and the amaranth of that of Sweden. The rose blooms forever on the royal coat-of-arms of England.

Surely nature bears no product more gracefully adapted to such symbolism than the flowers, in the infinity of their forms, colors and poetic significance. —*Youth's Companion.*

PORPOISES.

The Flesh of the Fish Becoming an Article of Use as Food.

Porpoise fishing promises to become one of the principal industries on the New Jersey coast. At first porpoises were caught for the skin and blubber alone, the carcasses being thrown away or in a few instances used as fertilizers. From the blubber is extracted a very fine oil, while the skin makes a superior quality of leather. Some time last fall it was discovered that porpoise flesh was savory to the taste, and it soon became popular as an article of food. The juicy red meat, which is taken from beneath a layer of fat next to the skin, is pronounced by epicures to be more palatable than any porter-house steak ever cooked. In appearance it resembles beef, but is more solid and of finer grain and very tender. Some persons say that it tastes like venison, and that there is nothing of the fishy taste about it. Last fall New York fish dealers offered two cents per pound for the carcasses, but they will command a much higher figure next summer. The fishermen have received orders from prominent Philadelphia and New York hotels and restaurants, and it is believed that there will be a demand for the meat which can not be met. In addition to this, much of it will be dried and placed upon the market. It is superior to dried beef, as in this state it retains all of its sweetness, and is still as tender as when fresh. The porpoises weigh from three hundred to four hundred pounds, and are caught in a seine, which is necessarily large and cumbersome, as the fish are very powerful when they are in the water. Last year a seine about one thousand yards long, with a net reaching almost to the bottom of the sea, was used, but it was seldom that more than half a dozen fish were taken in a haul. Improved seines will be used this season. Each porpoise was estimated to be worth twenty dollars when nothing but the blubber and skin were used, but now that the flesh is in demand and extra fine oil is extracted from the heart, it is said that they will be worth more than double that amount.—*Boston Transcript.*

PASTURES.

The Practice of Turning Stock Into the Fields in Spring a Very Injurious One.

The old practice of turning cattle and sheep out to pasture as soon as there is a single rod of land clear of snow, is yet continued in some portions of the country, but, as a rule, farmers have learned that it is a very wasteful practice to turn cattle into the pastures, even for a few hours in the middle of the day, until there is a good growth of grass for them to feed on. There are yet some who still persist in following in the footsteps of their ancestors; they seem to have an idea that every pound of dry grass which the cattle eat is so much gained; they do not stop to consider how much more food it will take to keep a cow that is roving over fifty acres of land, than it will to keep one that is kept in the barn, or in a small sheltered yard, nor do they think of the great damage to the pasture by the feet of the cattle.

When the land is soft every step of an animal destroys ten times as much summer feed as the animal will get; in fact, the farmer who turns his cattle out early in the spring makes it a practice, as a rule, to keep his cattle out in the autumn until the land is covered with snow; so the grass has been fed so close that there is but very little left to cover the grass roots, or to furnish food for the cattle in the early spring. Bad as our pastures are, when we consider how many of them are treated, it is really a wonder they are no worse.

The cattle are very sure to keep the best grasses gnawed down very close to the ground, thus exposing the roots to the severe cold, as well as sudden changes of weather. The time is coming when much more attention will be given to the care of our pastures; when it does come the cattle will not be turned into them until the grass is well started, and the land has become well settled, thus giving the better qualities of grasses a chance to become well rooted. By beginning to feed a pasture too early in the spring the feed is kept so short that the first dry week in summer will burn up what little grass there is, thus leaving the roots so exposed that many of them will die, leaving bare places which will invite the growth of undesirable plants. It is by this practice that many pastures become covered with coarse grasses, weeds and bushes. If care be taken to give the better qualities of grasses time to get well started before feeding it off, there will be something to protect the roots during dry weather, and with a little encouragement by way of fertilizers the ground may be kept so covered with the better varieties of grasses that the weeds and bushes will be easily kept out. Better feed the cattle at the barn a few weeks longer than usual than turn them out before grass gets well started. —*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

MILK FOR BABES.

The Kind of Milk Best Calculated to Promote the Health of Infants.

To be a perfect food for infants, milk must be of the very best quality. This statement is not meant to convey the impression that it must be very rich in cream, or any one of its other parts; but that it should be in as sweet, pure, perfect condition as possible. Cow's milk, as it averages when the milk of several cows is mixed together, is rich enough in fats and other constituents, and often needs diluting. An excess of cream impairs rather than improves it for this class of consumers. An excess would be about as objectionable as a deficiency. It is important that it should come from a cow in good health, and fed on sweet and wholesome food; for the quality and wholesomeness of milk will vary with the character of the food from which it is made.

To produce the best milk for infants, the animals giving it should neither be overfed nor underfed. One extreme would be as unfortunate as the other. Milk becomes vitiated when its secretion is over-stimulated. In part, at least, milk is derived from decomposition of tissue; and when this goes on actively, fragments of tissue break away without being perfectly dissolved; and may be seen suspended in the milk. The fragments that are small enough to pass through an ordinary strainer remain in the milk, and by their rapid decomposition affect its flavor and quality.

For infants' use, milk from cows giving rather a moderate quantity is to be preferred to that from cows producing unusually large yields. When milk becomes irregular from extremes in feeding, it is greatly improved by filtering it through a sack of pulverized charcoal. Filtering it through filter paper will help it very much, but charcoal is better. The filter will catch all the objectionable solids, and the absorbent capacity of the charcoal will take up all the prominent odors, and the milk will come out with a decidedly new and delicious flavor, and much improved in a sanitary point of view. One who has not tried it will be surprised at the quantity of offensive matter that will soon collect in the charcoal.—*Prof. L. B. Arnold, in N. Y. Tribune.*

Study of Things.

Parents and teachers will do well to turn the thoughts of the young to the careful observation and study of particular things round about them. By calling attention to the robin that hops from limb to limb, one may lead a child to observe its plumage, its habits, its nest, its eggs, its winter habits, etc., till, interest being aroused and powers of observation stimulated, the child becomes not only an ornithologist, but able to observe and reflect upon a hundred other things. So a flower, a stone, the sight of a star, may open the gate to vast and wonderfully entertaining realms of thought. Begin soon, that observation and reflection may be early developed. It is a rare privilege to open fields of thought to the eager mind of childhood.—*Golden Rule.*

—Piute Indians are proving successful farmers on the Pyramid Reservation in Nevada.

Spring and Summer

MILLINERY!

We are now ready to show our styles in

Spring and Summer Millinery,

And would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine our goods.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

250 N. Water St., Masonic Block,

One door west of Power & Haworth's Block

Mrs. K. EINSTEIN.

March 12, wtf.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Up again and ready for the Spring Season,

FLEURY

The French Cutter,

With a full line of new Spring Goods, the latest styles.

We make to order

THE ARROW SHIRT,

The best in the market.

The Newest Colorings of

WOOLENS.

Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed to everybody.

NO. 158 MERCHANT ST.

North of Henry Lyon's Grocery Store,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

March 19—dawtf

Pumps! Pumps!!

Force Pumps,
Wood Pumps,
Chain Pumps,
Wind Mills,
Pump Supplies.

THE NIAGARA

The Best Force Pump Made.

THE BEST WOOD PUMP

In the Market.

The Spray Chain Pump

See it, and you will want no other.

THE "ECLIPSE" WIND MILL

Is the Best of Wind Mills.

When you want to get water come and see us. We have what you want.

NIAGARA PUMP CO.,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Factory on Mason Street, 441 and 443, and W St. L. & P. R'y. julyl3-d&w

ALL KINDS OF

MACHINE WORK.

—AND—

Repairing

Done at the MACHINE SHOP connected with the

WARREN & DURFEE TRAY FACTORY

Corner of Priest and Franklin sts.

Jan. 8, 1885-d&wtf

REAL ESTATE!

—THE FIRM OF—

RANDOLPH & GHER

Have during the Winter months added greatly to their list of properties for sale.

We can truthfully say that we have now the LARGEST LIST of both

CITY AND FARM PROPERTY

to select from that has ever been offered, and at prices that will be very satisfactory to those wishing to purchase.

We have TWO CARRIAGES on the street at all times, and will be pleased to show any property on our list.

—WE ALSO HAVE—

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate, or will SECURE A BORROWER if you have money to loan.

Also represent No. 1

Fire and Life Insurance Cos.

Let us know your WANTS and we will do you good.

OFFICE, 123 NORTH WATER ST.

Office hours from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Feb. 26-d&w3m

LEAVITT & ROYAL have removed to the building occupied by V. H. Parks.

March 10-d&wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.
Dec. 11, '84-dawlyr



GRANDMOTHER

Used herbs in doctoring the family, and her simple remedies *DID CURE* in most cases. Without the use of herbs, medical science would be powerless; and yet the tendency of the times is to neglect the best of all remedies for those powerful medicines that seriously injure the system.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

is a combination of valuable herbs, carefully compounded from the formula of a regular Physician, who used this prescription largely in his private practice with great success. It is *not* a drink, but a medicine used by many physicians. It is invaluable for *DYSPEPSIA, KIDNEY* and *LIVER COMPLAINTS, NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, WEAKNESS, INDIGESTION, &c.*; and while curing will *not* hurt the system.

Mr. C. J. Rhodes, a well-known iron man of Safe Harbor, Pa., writes:
"My son was completely prostrated by fever and ague. Quinine and barks did him no good. I then sent for Mishler's Herb Bitters and in a short time the boy was quite well."

"E. A. Schellentrager, Druggist, 717 St. Clair Street, Cleveland, O., writes:
"Your Bitters, I can say, and do say, are prescribed by some of the oldest and most prominent physicians in our city."

MISHLER HERB BITTERS CO.,
525 Commerce St., Philadelphia.

Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle. Trade Mark

THE BEST TONIC

This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact thoroughly Invigorates.
Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*all other Iron medicines do.*
MRS. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1884:
"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the weakness ladies have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has been beneficial to my children."
Genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.
LADIES' HAND BOOK—useful and attractive, containing list of prizes for recipes, information about cows, etc., given away by all dealers in medicine, or mailed to any address on receipt of 2c. stamp.

An Efficient Remedy

In all cases of Bronchial and Pulmonary Affections is AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. As such it is recognized and prescribed by the medical profession, and in many thousands of families, for the past forty years, it has been regarded as an invaluable household remedy. It is a preparation that only requires to be taken in very small quantities, and a few doses of it administered in the early stages of a cold or cough will effect a speedy cure, and may, very possibly, save life. There is no doubt whatever that

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has preserved the lives of great numbers of persons, by arresting the development of Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, and Pulmonary Consumption, and by the cure of those dangerous maladies. It should be kept ready for use in every family where there are children, as it is a medicine far superior to all others in the treatment of Croup, the alleviation of Whooping Cough, and the cure of Colds and Influenza, ailments peculiarly incidental to childhood and youth. Promptitude in dealing with all diseases of this class is of the utmost importance. The loss of a single day may, in many cases, entail fatal consequences. Do not waste precious time in experimenting with medicines of doubtful efficacy, while the malady is constantly gaining a deeper hold, but take at once the speediest and most certain to cure,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

AUCTIONEER.

Having had ample experience, it is with perfect confidence that I offer my services to the farmers of Macon and adjoining counties as a successful and practical auctioneer of farm property. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Good references given. Terms reasonable. Correspondence solicited. I will be at the hardware store of Ferguson & Dillehunt on each Saturday. Call on or address
WM. A. HOLMAN,
P. O. Box 1285. Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 3, 1885-wly

ANOTHER ENGAGEMENT

Colonel Otter's Command, Numbering 300, Attack 600 Indians.

The Loss of the Latter Force Exceeds That of the Troops—Whitos Killed, 8; Indians, 60.

The Princess Louise Offers to Defray Expenses of Sending an Ambulance Corps to the Northwest.

Another Battle in the Northwest Territory.

WINNIPEG, MAN., May 6.—A dispatch from Battleford just received says: A flying column under command of Colonel Otter, numbering about 800, comprising the mounted police under Herchmer, men from the "Queen's Own" Rifles, B Battery, the Ottawa Foot Guards and C Company, besides the mounted volunteers from Battleford, had an engagement with Poundmaker's forces on their reserve, the Indians numbering 600. The fight lasted from five o'clock in the morning until noon, and was most hotly contested throughout. The loss on Otter's side is eight killed and twelve wounded. The Indian loss is estimated at fifty.

Following is a list of the killed: Corporal Laurie, Corporal Sleighly, Bugler Burke, Private Osgood, Private Rogers, Private Dobbs and Bugler Faulkner.

The following were wounded: Sergeant Ward, Lieutenant Pectier, Sergeant Gaffney, Corporal Martin, Gunner Reynolds, Sergeant-Major Jackson, Color-Sergeant Winter, Private Mequilken, Sergeant Cooper, Private Watts and Mr. Gilbert. Otter's column made a magnificent march. They covered over thirty-five miles, fought the battle and returned to Battleford, all inside of thirty hours.

To Send an Ambulance Corps to the Northwest.

OTTAWA, ONT., May 6.—The Governor-General has received a cable dispatch from the Princess Louise offering to defray the expenses of sending an ambulance corps to the Northwest in connection with the present campaign. The Dominion Government cabled the Princess thanking her for her kind offer which was accepted.

THE TURF.

Nashville Races.

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 6.—The fourth day's meeting was again favored with fine weather and a fast track; the attendance being the largest of the season. There were several surprises, all of the favorites losing.

First Race—Free handicap, one and one-sixteenth miles: R. Monee, first; Tom Sorino, second; Adventure third; Time, 1:48 3-4.

Second Race—Belle Meade stakes for three-year-old colts and fillies, one mile and one-quarter dash: Lord Coleridge, first; Editor second; Reed, third. Time, 2:16 1-2.

Third Race—One and one-quarter miles: Kosciusko, first; Boatman, second; Kansas, third. Time, 2:15.

Fourth Race—For all ages; six furlongs; Artibann, first; Talleyrand, second; Lady Lyon, third. Time, 1:20.

BASE BALL.

Games Played Tuesday, May 5.

New York.—Providences, 4; New Yorks, 3.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Brooklyns, 7; Athletics, 3.

Detroit, Mich.—No game. Rain.

Baltimore, Md.—Baltimores, 17; Metropolitans, 4.

Louisville, Ky.—St. Louis Browns, 12; Louisvilles, 4.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—Pittsburghs, 8; Cincinnatis, 1.

Washington, D. C.—Nationals, 13; Norfolks, 5.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Bostons, 9; Philadelphias, 8.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Milwaukees, 7; Toledos, 4.

Nashville, Tenn.—Columbus, 9; Americans, 2.

Memphis, Tenn.—Memphis, 13; Birminghams, 2.

The Jap Defeats Muldoon.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Matsadi Sorakichi, the "Jap," and Wm. Muldoon, the ex-policeman, wrestled last night before a large crowd in Irving Hall. The terms were Muldoon to throw the Jap five times within one hour for $100 in the Græco-Roman style. At the end of the hour, during which both men struggled hard, as Muldoon had only gained one fall, the Jap was declared the winner. Muldoon stated that he had hurt his wrist in the early part of the contest.

The Inter-State Drill.

MOBILE, ALA., May 6.—This is the second day of the Inter-State drill. Nine maiden infantry companies, or those that have never won, drilled yesterday, and will possibly stand in the order named: Legion, Louisville; Lomax Rifles, Mobile; Cadets, Savannah; the Guards, of of Janesville, Wis.; the Rifles, of Muscatine, Iowa; the Richland Rifles of Columbia, S. C.; the True Blues, of Montgomery; the Escambia Rifles, of Pensacola, Fla., and the Butler Rifles, of Greenville, Ala.; the first prize is $1,000, and the second, $500. The decision of the judges will not be given until Saturday. The zouaves and artillery will drill to-day and the first-class infantry to-morrow and Friday.

The National Shooting Tournament.

SPRINGFIELD, O., May 6.—The National shooting tournament opened yesterday in an auspicious manner. There was an encouraging attendance of both marksmen and spectators. The principle matches were shot in the forenoon. The first was an individual handicap sweepstakes; seven single clay birds. Captain Bogardus acted as referee, and E. A. Folsom and M. W. Bull, of Windsor, Conn., as judges.

The score was as follows:

Watkins, 6; Stark, 5; Eugene Bogardus, 6; Tiepel, 7; Chamberlain, 4; Perry, 5; Drake, 5; Allen, 5; George P. Sheldon, 5; Von Leugerke, 7; Whitney, 4; Wagner, 4; Powers, 6; Beecher, 3. Ties were shot off and the first money was divided between Tiepel and Von Leurgke; second, Watkins; third, Drake and Sheldon.

In the first match Perry took first, Stark and Whitney second; Perry, Drake and Whitney, third. An extra match resulted in Stice and Berry first, Wagner second, and Meaders, Loring, Sheldon and Van Luerke third. Among the crack shots present were Captain Bogardus, and his son Eugene; H. B. Whitney, of Poelps, New York, the boy champion shot of the world; Captain Meaders, of Nashville; Ben Tieple, of New Orleans; Vice-President J. E. Bloom, of Cincinnati; J. W. Bowers, of New Jersey, and others. The tournament continues four more days.

The Rio Grande Railroad Strike.

DENVER, COL., May 6.—The Rio Grande Railway strikers remain quiet here. The men at Pueblo went out yesterday as a result of a protracted meeting held last night. Two more arrests were made here yesterday, making five in all. The cases of the men arrested Monday will come up in the District Court to-morrow, before Judge Hallett. Several freight trains were moved over this division yesterday without molestation.

The strikers continue to guard the company's property here together with a force of United States Deputy Marshals. The men at Leadville have not struck, and it is also stated that the men on the western line from Grand Junction to Ogden are still at work, but they will offer aid if needed. A number of employes in the freight-house here who went out have been paid off and their places filled by new men.

Denies the Accusation.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 6.—Mrs. Anna Josephine Steinmeda, who was reported to have eloped from Memphis with her negro coachman a few weeks ago, called at the City Hall yesterday and asked to be taken charge of until her husband, a prominent physician of Nashville, can be communicated with. She denied the accusation that she left the city since she first arrived; that she had been the inmate of a disreputable resort, or had done anything wrong. She claims she has been unsuccessful in obtaining honest employment, after tramping the streets, living on the humblest fare and seldom assured of a place to lay her head at night. If her husband refuses to receive her, she will go to her grandmother in Mississippi.

Decided to Suspend.

BOSTON, MASS., May 6.—At a special meeting of the Boston & New England Nail Association yesterday, it was voted to unite with the Eastern and Philadelphia Nail Associations in stopping production during two weeks in May and June. The Boston & New England Association includes all the New England nail mills except Fall River, and some 30,000 operatives will be out of work four weeks. The object of the suspension is to sustain prices at the present card rate, which is considered extremely low and unremunerative. Between 600 and 700 nail machines will be stopped in New England alone, and some 3,000 machines under all the associations which have entered into the agreement.

Appointed Law Clerk.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 5.—Mr. W. T. Robinson, of Arkansas, an intimate friend of Attorney-General Garland has been appointed Law Clerk of the Department of Justice. Mr. Robinson is an excellent lawyer and has resided in Washington most of the time for the past six years. Mr. A. R. Duttin, the former Law Clerk, of the Department, who has been unable to attend to his duties for nearly a year, tendered his resignation, to take effect Monday.

Last night Mr. Duttin died. He had been afflicted with Bright's disease for several years.

Miners' Strike.

CANTON, O., May 6.—Fifteen drivers and machine scrapers of the New York & Pennsylvania mine, at New Hazelton, Connolton Valley, struck yesterday morning for an advance of from $1.35 to $1.50 per day, throwing thirty miners out and closing the mine. One hundred and twenty miners of Ridgeway, Carlon & Co.'s mine struck yesterday morning. All the other mines in the Connolton Valley are working, but it is thought that several hundred miners will soon strike.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The President yesterday commissioned the following Postmasters: S. K. Montgomery, Bristol, Conn.; B. R. English, New Haven, Conn.; Nicholas Best, Millerton, N. Y.; H. V. Garrigan, Columbus Kansas; A. H. Morgan, Way Cross, Ga.; D. C. Kirkley, Camden, S. C.; Morman Fisher, Huntingbury, Ind.; L. H. Edmonds, Waterloo, Ia.; J. T. Stuart, Van Buren, Ark.; Chas. Janney, Camden, N. J., vice Bailey, suspended.

Election of Officers.

NORFOLK, VA., May 6.—At the annual meeting of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad Company yesterday John M. Robinson was unanimously re-elected President and General Superintendent. The following named gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year: Enoch Pratt, R. C. Hoffman, D. A. Barnes, Richard Dickson, Louis McLean and M. Robson, Jr.

General Jackson in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.—General Jackson, of Georgia, the new Minister to Mexico, arrived in Washington yesterday, and paid his farewell visit to the Secretary of State. He went to New York last night, and will remain there a day or two. He will then start for Mexico, stopping at his home for a few days before leaving for his post of duty.

Public Sale of Negroes.

RICHMOND, KY., May 6.—An immense crowd gathered in front of the Court-house Monday to witness a public sale of negroes. They were sold into slavery to the highest and best bidder. One man brought thirty-eight dollars for twelve months' service; one fourteen dollars for three months, and a woman twenty-five cents for twelve months. The sales were made under the vagrant laws of the State.

Held For Trial.

NEW YORK, May 6.—In the Court o General Sessions yesterday, Police Sergeant Crowley, charged with assaulting Maggie Norris, was held for trial in $15,000 bail.

BROOKLYN'S WAIL.

The Number of Casualties at the Collapsed Building More Than a Score.

Eight Persons Still Missing—The Dead Estimated at From Twelve to Fifteen.

Undentified Bodies at the Station-House—List of the Wounded—Latest Reports.

NEW YORK, May 5.—While workmen were engaged shoveling up a girder in the basement of a building in the rear of No. 13 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, this morning, one of the needles used in packing up the beams gave way, causing the entire building to collapse. On the second floor was a soap manufactory, in which were the furnaces for heating the couldrons. The building took fire immediately, and a terrible panic caused among the inmates. There were at the time 250 persons in the building, including many girls employed on the upper floors. The west wing of the building, fronting on Atlantic avenue, went down entirely, and it is supposed that many persons were carried down in the ruins. The flames communicated to the remainder of the structure, which was standing, and soon the whole building was in flames.

A fire alarm was sounded after much delay. This brought the first contingent of firemen, but they were unable to cope with flames which were now mounting high above the building and pouring forth from different windows. A second and third alarm and finally a general one was sounded, and soon the streets in the vicinity actually swarmed with fire apparatus of all kinds. The firemen soon had scores of streams playing on the burning structure.

The burning buildings were situated in rear of buildings fronting on Atlantic avenue, Hicks and State streets, and Columbia place. The entrances to them were on Columbia place, and State street, and through two alleyways on Atlantic avenue.

When the wing of the collapsed building fell it crushed into the tenement houses 53 and 55 Atlantic avenue. Mrs. Henrietta Hans, fifty-eight years of age, and her daughter Emma, aged thirty years, were in the rear room of the second floor of the house number 55. They were buried under the ruins. Fireman Duff, of engine No. 4, and his men soon succeeded in digging them out. They were both badly injured. Mrs. Huns died while being removed to the hospital, and but little hope is entertained for the recovery of her daughter.

Subsequently, while the men of this engine were engaged in throwing streams on the flames, the wall gave way, and buried Firemen Bernard Stark and Michael T. Regan. They were quickly extricated by their companions. They were both badly injured around the body, and suffered severe scalp wounds. Both men were taken to the hospital.

Fireman Dougherty, of the Star Company, was struck on the head by a falling brick and seriously injured.

The falling and burned building was occupied on the first floor by George Whittaker, machinist, and Peter Watson, carpenter.

The second floor was occupied by Wm. Durell, metal spinner; Wm. Daniels, paint mill; the Catlin lamp works; Frank W. Ritner, machinist; George A. Young, paint machinery, and Wm. C. Bellami, borax soap manufacturer.

The third floor was used by H. J. Judd, maker of rollers for window shades; Benj. A. Moore, kalsominer, and Boyle & McCurtis, shirt manufacturers.

On the fourth floor was the H. Germain lamp works; Elliott & Ludlam, fishing rods, and H. Boshen, manufacturer.

The fifth floor was occupied by Milo Hines, button maker.

A total of 250 persons were in the building at the time, and when it settled after breaking the jack pin, a terrible panic ensued, which increased when the flames broke out. In the employ of Milo Hines were some fifty girls. These rushed to the windows and shouted for help, and it was with the utmost difficulty that they were persuaded from throwing themselves headlong into the street. Several threw themselves into the street before they could be reached, and were badly hurt. It is impossible at this time to make any definite statement as to the number of persons killed. It is believed that ten women at least are buried in the ruins.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 6.—The buildings in the rear of No. 55 Atlantic street, in which the disastrous fire occurred yesterday morning, have long been a source of solicitude to the firemen, owing to their peculiar construction. They take in the entire block excepting about one hundred feet on State street, between Columbia place and Hicks street, and have three large wings which extend to within a few feet of a row of tenements on Atlantic street. The buildings were occupied by twenty small manufacturers, and the number of persons employed therein is stated to be about five hundred in all.

The buildings are four stories high, and were erected twenty-seven years ago. The wood work burned like tinder, and owing to the generally inflammable character of the structure, there was hardly any chance for escape. The fire is now believed to have been caused by the overturning of the boilers of the soap factory on the second floor, which were upset by the settling of the building when one of the jacks supporting the rest broke. At the scene of the disaster all is confusion, the ruins are still smouldering and the work of searching for the bodies is carried on with much difficulty. Crowds of people have gathered in the vicinity of the burned buildings, watching the progress of the searching party. From the last police returns it is now believed the number of lives lost will not amount to more than a dozen, and this comparatively small loss of life, considering the number of persons in the building at the time, is truly surprising.

The following is a list of the missing as far as could be ascertained up to eight o'clock to-night: Edward Butler, aged twenty-five; Edward Langley, twenty-two; John Muntz, twenty-six; Henry Durst, fifty-five; Adolph Martin, twenty-five; Fred Eggler, twenty-two; John McGrath, fifteen; Daniel Donghery, forty-two.

The engineer employed in the building was buried in the debris, but his body has been recovered.

Among the injured are the following: Michael F. Crogan, fireman; burned about the face and body; Bernard Stork, fireman; severely injured by falling bricks; Patrick Dougherty, fireman; internally injured; Henrietta Hass (reported dead), aged sixty-eight; severely bruised about the body; Emma Hass; daughter of Henrietta, left arm injured; Mary Moore; slightly injured; Samuel Duff, fireman; bruised about the body; Chas. Ruddy, fireman; injured by falling bricks; Jas. Fay, fireman; severely burned; Mary Watts, leg badly burned; Jas. Paff, slightly injured; Rose Rutledge, badly burned.

All the injured were cared for at the Long Island Hospital, where they were speedily removed. The three bodies found in the ruins yesterday afternoon, are still at the station-house awaiting identification. When they are identified it is possible that the number of missing will be reduced.

The work of raising the roof and strengthening the walls of one of the buildings was going on when the accident occurred, and was being done at the instance of one of the tenants, who wished to have the structure strengthened preparatory to his moving in some heavy machinery.

George L. Abbott, the agent of the destroyed building, said last night: "The building was formerly a glass house in part, and we have owned it for twenty years. The value of the property is $200,000, and it is fully insured. The buildings were furnished with steam power. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 6.—Three bodies were recovered from the ruins up to 1:30 p. m. They were burned beyond recognition. Among the missing are Edwin Butler, aged twenty-two, who was seen to fall from the second story of the building as it went down; Daniel J. Lowrey the engineer; Emma Partridge, who was employed in Milo Hines' button factory; Henry Darsch, aged fifty-six; Adolph Matties, Frederick Eggers and John McGrath.

Charged With Criminal Carelessness.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 6.—Detective Daly last night arrested Frank W. Miller, a house-mover, residing at 998 Berger street, on complaint of Coroner Mennin ger, on a charge of criminal carelessness, for improperly shoreing the girders and posts in the house No. 55 Atlantic street thereby causing the walls to fall and setting fire to the building and causing many deaths.

The Phelan-Short Trial.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The trial of Richard Short for assaulting Captain Thomas Phelan was continued yesterday. Phelan gave his testimony and told the story of his coming from Kansas City on January 9th and visiting Rossa's office with Kearney. While there he was attacked by Short, who inflicted nine stab wounds and three cuts upon him with a knife, the weapon being shown in Court.

During Phelan's examination he was asked if he was armed. He replied that he was, and produced three revolvers, which he laid upon the Judge's desk. He said he was granted permission by the police department on February 10th to carry a pistol. Phelan admitted that he had stabbed a bunko man on a former visit to New York. He was then required to show the jury where he was stabbed. He exposed his body, and revealed scars in twelve different places. The jurors leaned forward and looked intently at the nude body of Phelan, and satisfied themselves as to the number of scars on him. On account of the non-appearance of the witness who found the knife, the case was adjourned until this morning.

Preparations Completed for the Reunion of the Army of the Potomac.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 6.—The preparations for the reunion of the Army of the Potomac are complete, which bids fair to be one of the most pleasant in the history of the society. All the fine buildings and many of the less pretentious ones on Baltimore Square are gaily decorated for the occasion. Several stands have been erected along the route over which the parade will pass from which the movements of the veterans of many battles will be watched by those fortunate enough to secure seats.

In the absence of General Grant, the President of the Society, the duty of presiding over the meeting will devolve upon Major-General H. J. Hunt. Besides the members of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, there will be present many visiting G. A. R. Posts. A company of the One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Regiment (Duryee's Zouaves) of New York, will arrive to-morrow evening, and also the R. E. Lee Camp of Confederate Society, of Richmond.

A Discarded Claim.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.—Commissioner Sparks of the General Land Office yesterday, wrote to the Surveyor-General of Arizona directing him to discontinue all further consideration of the claim of John A. Revis, who, about two years ago, put in a claim for four million acres of land located in Southern Arizona, and known as the "Peralto Grant." The basis of the claim is an alleged grant to Miguel Peralto, by Carlos III of Spain, issued through the Viceroy of Mexico in 1758. Commissioner Sparks, after diligent search, found no record of the grant in Spanish or Mexican archives and came to the conclusion that the claim was a humbug, and hence his letter to the Surveyor-General of Arizona.

The Grand Trunk Line Withdraws From the Pool.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 6.—The Grand Trunk yesterday withdrew from the East bound freight pool, entirely refusing hereafter to report traffic carried either to the joint agent here or to the pool commissioner in New York. This is owing to the other roads not keeping the agreement entered into at the time the new embryo Central Traffic Association was formed here to maintain rates. Rates were quoted at thirteen cents yesterday to seaboard points on grain, and other freights accordingly.

Seventy-Five New Cases.

WILKESBARRE, PA., May 6. — Four deaths from typhoid epidemic at Plymouth occurred yesterday morning. Since Monday night seventy-five new cases were reported. There is great destitution and suffering.

MR. GILL'S DAUGHTER.

Poor Katie! A great sufferer she was, and most patiently did she endure in the hope that at last her sufferings would come to an end. She was just budding into womanhood; a fine-looking girl of nearly nineteen, who had, previous to her attack of illness, enjoyed robust health.

Let her mother tell the story, as she told it to two of our editorial friends who recently spent an evening at the house.

"Katie's illness came on slowly, with great pain in her thigh and hip. For a while she kept on going to school, but the pains became so severe that she had to stay at home, and most of the time lie down on a little lounge here in the sitting-room. We tried the best physicians we could get. The disease baffled them all. One said it was ulceration of the thigh bone, and wanted to have the poor child undergo a terrible operation. It turned out to be sciatic rheumatism. Poor child! how she did suffer! About four o'clock in the afternoon she would begin screaming with pain. She couldn't help it. She would scream and moan till about four in the morning. Then she would fall asleep from weariness, and sleep for some hours. This went on for about eight months. During the nights neither she nor I could sleep.

"Katie was a great reader. One day, in a paper, she saw an advertisement of Athlephoros. She asked me to get it and see if it wouldn't cure her. We had tried a good many different things, but I thought we would try this. And I went and got a bottle. I gave her a dose of it towards evening. It was simply wonderful how it quieted the poor child's pain and put her into a gentle sleep. She slept nicely until ten. Then she was in a great perspiration. She waked, and I gave her another dose, for the first one had done her so much good. Then she fell asleep again and slept till morning. Her pain was gone. She had hardly any returns of it. The Athlophoros did the work for her most completely.

"But the terrible sciatica had drawn Katie's leg up, and made it shorter than it had been, by several inches. She was lame for life, although the rheumatism was all driven out of her. She had to walk on crutches. One day she fell down stairs and was so badly hurt that she had to be taken to the hospital. There she suffered a great deal, and after some weeks she died.

"Father Tscheider, of the Paulist Fathers, saw much of Katie during her illness, and knows all about us. Go and ask him, and he will tell you all about it.

Some time ago we gave a letter about Katie's case, and it was published. We have had numerous inquiries in reference to it, all of which we promptly answer.

"I must tell you," continued Mrs. Gill, "of our neighbor, Mrs. Summers, and her eleven-year old boy. The boy had one of the most terrible attacks of rheumatism I ever knew a boy to have. I had a little Athlophoros left in the bottle from which Katie had taken. I gave it to Mrs. Summers, and she gave it to the child who was screaming with pain. When Mr. Summers came home, he was surprised to find the boy sitting up, free from pain, and cheerfully singing. I wish you would go and see them. They live not far from here, on West 12th street, No. 905."

Mr. Gill added in his own behalf:

"I have had a good deal of rheumatism myself, chiefly in my shoulders and arms. But I took Athlophoros and I got rid of the trouble. I did not have to take much either. I found the medicine acted very quickly."

The Rev. Father Peter Tscheider, assistant pastor of the Church of the Holy Family, was found at his pastoral residence, No. 417 West 12th street, Chicago. Father Tscheider took pleasure in saying that he knew Mr. and Mrs. Gill, and that he esteemed them highly; also that he had seen Katie frequently during her illness, and knew all about her wonderful recovery from sciatica, and her subsequent injury and her illness at the hospital.

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed.
ATHLOPHOROS CO., 112 Wall Street, New York.

The Medical Use of Eggs.

For burns and scalds there is nothing more soothing than the white of an egg, which may be poured over the wound. It is softer as a varnish for a burn than collodion, and, being always on hand, can be applied immediately. It is also more cooling than the "sweet oil and cotton," which was formerly supposed to be the surest application to allay the smarting pain. It is the contact with the air which gives the extreme discomfort experienced from ordinary accidents of this kind; and anything which excludes air and prevents inflammation is the best thing to be applied. The egg is also considered one of the very best remedies for dysentery. Beaten up lightly, with or without sugar, and swallowed at a gulp, it tends by its emollient qualities to lessen the inflammation of the stomach and intestines, and by forming a transient coating for these organs enables nature to assume her healthful sway over the diseased body. Two or, at the most, three eggs per day would be all that would be required in ordinary cases; and since the egg is not merely a medicine, but food as well, the lighter the diet otherwise, and the quieter the patient is kept, the more certain and rapid is their recovery.

THE warlike epistles of Gov. Marmaduke, demanding that Governor Oglesby remove the quarantine against Missouri cattle seem to have little effect. For obvious reasons Gov. Oglesby cannot button his coat as tight at the waist as Marmaduke can, but he is just as dreadful in war.

THE Bloomington *Leader* says Mr. Oberly will not go into the office of Indian Inspector with no knowledge of the character of the redskins, as he attended Buffalo Bill's Wild West show when he gave an exhibition at the metropolis of McLean.

—The free lunches in New York saloons are said to cost $11,300,000 annually.

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